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Corporate Identity Number: U67190MH2008PLC182205

Annual Report for the year ended March 31, 2021



## Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited Financial Statement for the year ended March 31, 2021

### **Board of Directors**

Mr. Hemant Daga

Mr. Kamala Kantharaj

Mr. Kanu Doshi

Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar

### **Chief Financial Officer**

Mr. Hemal Mehta

## **Company Secretary**

Mr. Deepak Mukhija

## **Statutory Auditors**

GMJ & Co, Chartered Accountants

### **Registered Office**

Edelweiss House,

Off C.S.T. Road, Kalina,

Mumbai – 400098.

Corporate Identity No.:

U67190MH2008PLC182205

Tel: +91 22 4009 4400

Fax: +91 22 4086 3759

### **BOARD'S REPORT**

To the Members of Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited,

The Directors present their 13<sup>th</sup> Annual Report on the business, operations and the state of affairs of the Company together with the audited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021:-

### **Financial Highlights**

(₹ in million)

Particulars	2020-2021	2019-2020
Total income	1444.54	1374.52
Total Expenses	1296.02	1197.07
Profit/(Loss) Before Tax	148.52	177.45
Tax Expenses/(Benefit)	-	(0.54)
Profit/(Loss) for the year	153.94	177.99
Other Comprehensive Income		
Re-measurement gain on defined benefit plans	6.74	0.78
Total Comprehensive Income	158.99	178.77
Opening Balance		
Loss carried forward	521.18	699.94
Surplus carried to Balance Sheet	362.19	521.18

### Information on the state of affairs of the Company

During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company earned the revenue of ₹1444.54 million as against ₹1,374.52million during the previous year. The Company incurred the profit of ₹ 153.94 million during the year ended March 31, 2021 as against the ₹ 177.99 million during the previous year.

### **Impact of Covid-19 pandemic**

COVID-19 has been declared as a pandemic. It has restricted and disrupted regular function of work. Your company has put a framework for work from home for its employees. Regular client meeting as well as execution of assignments are been carried out through video conferencing and electronically. Your Company is fully functionally through the aforementioned means.

The Company's management has assessed the impact of the pandemic on its operations and its assets including the value of its investments, asset management rights and trade receivables as at March 31, 2021. Since the revenue of the Company is ultimately dependent on the value of the assets it manages, changes in market conditions and the trend of flows into alternate funds may have an impact on the operations of the Company. Basis the assessment, the management does not, at this juncture, believe that the impact on the value of the Company's assets or its operations is likely to be material.

### **Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited - holding company**

Edelweiss Securities and Investments Private Limited (ESIPL) had on March 12, 2021, completed the acquisition of 51% of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company from Edelweiss Securities Limited and consequently, the Company has become the subsidiary of ESIPL.

ESIPL is a subsidiary of Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (EFSL), and EFSL continues to be the ultimate holding company of the Company.

### Issuance of new securities during the year

During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company issued and allotted 1,00,00,000 equity shares of Rs. 10/- each at face value for aggregate amount of Rs. 10,00,00,000/- on right basis to the existing shareholders.

Additionally, during the year ended March 31, 2021, the Company issued 11,00,00,000 Compulsorily Convertible Debentures of Rs. 10/- each at face value for aggregate amount of Rs. 110,00,00,000/- under private placement to some of the Edelweiss Group Companies.

### Loans, Investments and Guarantees

The particulars of loans given and investments made by the Company are provided in the financial statement. Further, during the year under review, the Company has not given any guarantee or provided any securities.

### **Related Party Transactions**

All the Related Party Transactions entered by the Company are on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. Particulars of contracts or arrangements with the related Parties as referred to in sub-section (1) of Section 188 and forming part of this report is provided in the financial statement. All the Related Party Transactions as required under Ind AS 24 are reported in the Notes to the financial statements.

The particulars of the material contracts/arrangements entered into by the Company with related parties on arm's length are disclosed in Form No. AOC -2 (Annexure – I).

### **Directors**

### i. Managing Director & CEO

During the year under review, Mr. Suresh Soni, the Executive Director was redesignated as the Managing Director & CEO of the Company.

### ii. Directors

Mr. Hemant Daga was appointed as Additional Directors with effect from January 18, 2021. Subsequently, Mr. Hemant Daga was designated as the Executive Director of the Company.

Mr. Daga holds office upto the date of the forthcoming Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company. The approval of members for appointment of Mr. Daga as Director of the Company liable to retirement by rotation is being sought at the forthcoming AGM.

Ms. Kamala Kantharaj was appointed as Additional Directors with effect from February 05, 2021.

Ms. Kamala Kantharaj holds office upto the date of the forthcoming Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the Company. The approval of members for appointment of Ms. Kamala Kantharaj as Director of the Company liable to retirement by rotation is being sought at the forthcoming AGM.

### iii. Non-Executive Independent Directors

Mr. Kanu Doshi and Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar were appointed as the Non-executive Independent Directors of the Company, with effect from August 13, 2021.

Being the Independent Directors of the Company, the term of Mr. Kanu Doshi and Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar is 5 years, subject to the approval of the Members. The approval of the members for appointment of Mr. Kanu Doshi and Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar as Non-Executive Independent Directors is being sought at the forthcoming AGM.

## Number of Board Meetings held

During the year ended March 31, 2021, the Board met 8 times.

### **Internal Financial Controls and Risk Management**

The Company has in place adequate internal financial control with reference to financial statement.

### **Nomination & Remuneration Policy**

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprises of Mr. Kanu Doshi, Mr. Sunil Phatarphekar and Ms. Kamala Kantharaj. The Nomination and Remuneration Policy duly approved by the Board of Directors of the Company and is annexed to this Report.

### **Auditors**

The Members at the 10<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company held in 2018 had appointed M/s. GMJ & Co., Chartered Accountants, as the Auditors of the Company till the conclusion of the 15<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held in the year 2023.

### Prevention of Sexual harassment of Women at Workplace

The Company has framed a Policy on Prevention of Sexual harassment at workplace (the Policy). During the year under review, no cases were reported under the Policy. The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

### Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings/Outgo

### A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

- i) the steps taken or impact on conservation of energy The operations of your Company are not energy-intensive. However, adequate measures have been initiated for conservation of energy.
- ii) the steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate source of energy though the operations of the Company are not energy intensive, the Company shall explore alternative source of energy, as and when the necessity arises.
- iii) the capital investment on energy conservation equipment; Nil

### B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

- (i) the efforts made towards technology absorption The minimum technology required for the business has been absorbed.
- (ii) the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution Not Applicable
- (iii) in case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year) Not Applicable
  - (a) the details of technology imported;
  - (b) the year of import;
  - (c) whether the technology been fully absorbed;

- (d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place, and the reasons thereof; and
- (iv) the expenditure incurred on Research and Development: Not Applicable

### C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Foreign exchange earnings and outgo during the year under review were ₹ 200.57 million (previous year ₹ 253.54 million) and ₹ 3.00 million (previous year ₹0.89 million) respectively.

### **Other Disclosures**

No disclosure is required in respect of the details relating to the deposits covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act, 2013, issue of Equity Shares with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise, sweat equity shares, as there were no transactions on these matters during the year ended March 31, 2021. There were no significant or material order passed by any regulator or court or tribunal which would impact the status of the Company as a going concern and the operations in future. No material changes have occurred between the end of financial year i.e. March 31, 2021 and the date of the report affecting the financial position of your Company. The Company has complied with the Secretarial Standards issued by Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

### **Extract of the Annual Return**

In accordance with the provisions of Section 92 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules framed thereunder, the extract of the Annual Return in the prescribed Form MGT – 9 is placed at the Company's website at www.edelweissalternative.com.

### **Risk Management**

The Board of Directors of the Company has framed and implemented a Risk Management Policy.

### Directors' Responsibility Statement

Pursuant to Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act), the Board of Directors confirm that:-

- (i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed;
- (ii) such accounting policies have been selected and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021 and of the profit of the Company for the financial year ended on that date;

- (iii) proper and sufficient care had been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (iv) the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis; and
- (v) proper systems had been devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

### **Acknowledgments**

Date: May 20, 2021

The Board of Directors wish to acknowledge the continued support extended and guidance given by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Banks, government authorities and other stakeholders. The Board would like to acknowledge the support of its clients and members. Your Directors would also like to take this opportunity to express their appreciation for the, dedicated efforts of the employees of the Company.

> For and on behalf of the Board of Directors **Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited**

> > **Hemant Daga**

DIN: 07783248

Executive Director

Suresh Soni

Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 02265993

### Form AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms-length transactions under third proviso thereto:

(Currency: Indian rupees in millions)

### Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis: Nil

Sr. N o.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relations hip	Nature of contracts/ arrangeme nts/ transaction	Duration of the contracts/ arrangeme nts/ transaction s	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangeme nts or transactio ns including the value, if any	Justificati on for entering into such contracts or arrangeme nts or transactio ns	Date of appro val by the Board	Amoun t paid as advanc es, if any	Date on which the special resoluti on was passed in general meetin g as require d under first proviso to section 188
_	ı -	ı -		· -	ı -		_	-

### II. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

Sr. No.	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Duration of the contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any (Rs. in million)	Date of approval by the Board	Amount paid as advances, if any
1.	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited (Fellow subsidiary)	Fee income earned from	1 Year	197.51	-	Nil

2	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited (Fellow subsidiary)	Fee income earned from	1 Year	15.7	-	Nil
3	ECL Finance Limited (Fellow subsidiary)	Fee income earned from	1 Year	127.87	-	Nil
4	Edelcap Securities Ltd (Fellow subsidiary)	Fee income earned from	1 Year	1.69	-	Nil
5	ECap Equities Limited (Fellow subsidiary)	Fee income earned from	1 Year	8.17	-	Nil
6	Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited (Fellow subsidiary)	Fee income earned from	1 Year	31.82	-	Nil
7	Edelweiss Value Growth Fund (Fellow subsidiary)	Fee income earned from	1 Year	2.20	-	Nil
8	Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund (Fellow subsidiary)	Fee income earned from	1 Year	0.64	-	Nil

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

Suresh Soni Managing Director & CEO

DIN: 02265993

Hemant Daga Executive Director DIN: 07783248

# Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

As on the financial year ended on 31st March, 2021

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

### I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

I.	REGISTRATION AND OTHER	
	DETAILS:	
i)	CIN	U67190MH2008PLC182205
ii)	Registration Date	14/05/2008
iii)	Name of the Company	Edelweiss Alternative Asset
,		Advisors Limited
iv)	Category / Sub-Category of the	Public Company/Limited by Shares
,	Company	
v)	Address of the Registered office and	Edelweiss House,
	contact details	Off CST Road,
		Kalina, Mumbai-400098
		Email –
		pdcompliance@edelweissfin.com
		Tel No - +91 22 4009 4400
		Fax No +91 22 4086 3759
vi)	Whether listed company	No
vii)	Name, Address and Contact details of	Link Intime India Private Limited
	Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	C-101,1st Floor, 247 Park, Lal
		Bahadur Shastri Marg, Vikhroli
		West, Mumbai - 400083
		Tel No.: +91 22 49186270
		Fax No.: +91 22 49186060

II.	PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES	As per Attachment - A
	OF THE COMPANY	
	All the business activities contributing	
	10% or more of the total turnover of the	
	company	
III.	PARTICULARS OF HOLDING,	As per Attachment - B
	SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE	
IV.	COMPANIES SHARE HOLDING PATTERN	
IV.	(EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	
	BREAKUP AS PERCENTAGE OF	
	TOTAL EQUITY)	
viii)	Category-wise Share Holding	As per Attachment - C
V 111)	cutegery was entire receiving	The per connectance to
ix)	Shareholding of Promoters	As per Attachment - D
iii)	Change in Promoters' Shareholding	As per Attachment - E
iv)	Shareholding Pattern of top ten	As per Attachment - F
10)	Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors,	As per Attacriment - F
	Promoters and Holders of GDRs and	
	ADRs)	
v)	Shareholding of Directors and Key	As per Attachment - G
	Managerial Personnel	
V.	INDEBTEDNESS	
	Indebtedness of the Company	As per Attachment - H
	including interest outstanding/accrued	
	but not due for payment	
VI.	Remuneration of Directors and Key	
	Managerial Personnel	
A.	Remuneration to Managing Director,	As per Attachment - I
	Whole-time Directors and/or Manager	1
B.	Remuneration to other directors	As per Attachment - J
C.	Remuneration to Key Managerial	As per Attachment - K
	Personnel other than	
	MD/Manager/WTD	
VII.	PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/	As per Attachment - L
	COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:	

## Attachment - A

## II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing  $10\ \%$  or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

Sl. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service#	% to total turnover of the Company\$
1.	Advisory Services and Fund Management Activities	663	95%

<sup>#</sup> As per National Industrial Classification - Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation

<sup>\$</sup> On the basis of Gross Income

Attachment - B

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES -

Sr. No	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of shares held	Applicable Section
1.	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Edelweiss House, Off CST Road, Kalina, Mumbai- 400098	U65990MH2009PTC344641	Holding	99%	Section 2(46)
2.	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (Ultimate Holding Company)  Edelweiss House, Off CST Road, Kalina, Mumbai- 400098	L99999MH1995PLC094641	Holding	99%	Section 2(46)

## Attachment - C

# IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	beginning	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year as on April 1, 2020  Demat Physical Total % of				No. of Shares held at the end of the year as on March 31, 2021  Demat Physical Total % of			
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	
A. Promoters									
(1) Indian	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
a)Individual/ HUF	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) State Govt (s)	-	-	ı	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) Bodies Corporate	22,56,000	-	22,56,000	95	1,22,56,000	-	1,22,56,000	99	-
e) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Any Other	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (A) (1):-	22,56,000	-	22,56,000	95	1,22,56,000	-	1,22,56,000	99	-
(2) Foreign	-	1	1	1	ı	1	1	-	1
a) NRIs - Individuals	-	1	1	1	ı	1	1	-	1
b) Other – Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Bodies Corporate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Any Other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (A) (2):-	-	,	-	-	-	,	-		-
Total shareholding of Promoter (A) =(A)(1)+(A)(2)	22,56,000	1	22,56,000	95	1,22,56,000	1	1,22,56,000	99	-
B. Public Shareholding	-	1	•	-	-	1	-	-	-
1. Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	-
a) Mutual Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Banks / FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Central Govt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) State Govt(s)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Insurance Companies	-	1	•	-	-	1	-	-	-
g) FIIs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (B)(1):-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2. Non-Institutions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
a) Bodies Corporate	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	-
i) Indian	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-
ii) Overseas	-	1,18,737	1,18,737	1	-	1,18,737	1,18,737	1	-

b) Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Individual	-	1	-	1	-	-	-	-	-
shareholders									
holding									
nominal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
share capital									
upto Rs. 1									
lakh									
ii) Individual									
shareholders									
holding									
nominal									
share capital									
in excess of									
Rs. 1 lakh									
c) Others (specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total (B)(2):-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total Public	-	1,18,737	1,18,737	1	-	1,18,737	1,18,737	1	-
Shareholding									
(B)=(B)(1)+(B)(2)									
C. Shares held by	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Custodian for									
GDRs & ADRs									
Grand Total (A+B+C)	22,55,994	1,18,743	23,74,737*	100	1,22,56,000*	1,18,743	123,74,737*	100	-

<sup>\*</sup>Including 6 shares held by 6 nominees of Edelweiss Securities Limited.

## <u>Attachment - D</u>

## ${\rm (ii)}\ \textbf{Shareholding}\ \textbf{of}\ \textbf{Promoters}$

Sl. No.	Shareholder's Name			e beginning pril 1, 2020		olding at th as on March	e end of the n 31, 2021	
		No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged/ encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of Total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged/ encumbered to total shares	% change In share holding during the year
1.	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited (ESFL)*	22,56,000	95	-	0	0	-	-
2.	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	-	-	-	11211116	90.60		
3.	Edelweiss Securities Limited (ESL)	-	-	-	1044884	8.44		
	Total	22,56,000	95	-	12256000	99.04	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> Including 6 shares held by 6 nominees of ESL

## Attachment - E

## $(iii) \ Change \ in \ Promoters' \ Shareholding:$

Particulars	Shareholding at the beginning of the year as on April 1, 2020		Cumulative Shareholding during the Year	
	No. of shares	% of total shares of the	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
		company		
At the beginning of	22,56,000	95	12256000	99.04
the year				
Date wise Increase	1,00,00,000 equity shares were allotted under rights issue to one of			
/Decrease in		the Promoter en	tities on Marc	h 24, 2021.
Promoters				
Shareholding during				
the year specifying the				
reasons for increase				
/decrease (e.g.				
allotment /transfer				
/bonus/ sweat equity				
etc):				
At the End of the year (March 31, 2021)	12256000	99.04	12256000	99.04

## Attachment - F

# (iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

Sr. No	Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year as on April 1, 2020		Increase / Decrease in shareholding during the year		Date of change	Cumulat shareholduring the financial 1, 2020 to March 31	ding ne year April	
		No of	% of total	No of	% of total	Reason		No of	% of total
		shares	shares of	shares	shares of			shares	shares of
			the		the				the
			Company		Company				Company
1.	Gamla	1,18,737	5					1,18,737	1
	Livforsakringsaktiebolaget			-	-	-	-		
	SEB Trygg Liv (publ)								
	, ,								

## Attachment - G

## (v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel: NIL

Sl. No.	For Each of the Directors and KMP	Shareholding at the beginning of the year		Cumulative Shareholding during the Year		
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	
	At the beginning of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
	Date wise Increase /Decrease in Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment /transfer /bonus/ sweat equity etc):					
	At the End of the year	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	

## Attachment - H

## V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment: (₹ in million)

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits from group co	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year	-	-	-	-
i) Principal Amount	-	1121117662	0	1121117662
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	4470137	0	4470137
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	0	0	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	1125587799	0	1125587799
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year	-	0	0	
Addition during the year	-	2787077740	1012565321	3799643061
Reduction		3906961386	1012565321	4919526707
Net Change	-			
Indebtedness at the				
end of the financial year	-			
i) Principal Amount	-	1,193,467.0	0	1193467
ii) Interest due but not paid		4,510,686.0	0	4510686
iii) Interest accrued but not due				0
Total (i+ii+iii)	-	5,704,153.0	-	5,704,153.0

## Attachment - I

## VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

## A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

S1.	Particulars of Remuneration	Suresh	Hemant		Total
no.		Soni	Daga		Amount
		Managing	Whole time	Manager	
		Director	Director		
1.	Gross salary				
	(a) Salary as per provisions	1,76,65,348	13,23,816		1,89,89,164
	contained in section 17(1) of the				
	Income-tax Act,1961				
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2)	8,34,367	0		8,34,367
	Income-tax Act, 1961				
	(c) Profits in lieu of salary under				0
	section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961				
2.	Stock Option				0
3.	Sweat Equity				0
4.	Commission				
	- as % of profit				
	- others, specify				
5.	Others, please specify				
	Total (A)	1,84,99,715	13,23,816	0	1,98,23,531
	Ceiling as per the Act	As per	As per		
		schedule V	schedule V		
		of the	of the		
		Companies	Companies		
		Act, 2013	Act, 2013		
		ACL, 2013	ACL, 2013		

## Attachment - J

### **B.** Remuneration to other Directors:

Particulars of Remuneration	1	2
1. Independent Directors	Sunil Phatarphekar	Kanu Doshi

Fees for attending board/ committee of meetings	2,00,000	2,00,000	
Commission	-	-	
Others	-	-	
Total (1)	2,00,000	2,00,000	
2. Other Non- Executive Directors			
Fees for attending board/committee of meetings	-	-	
Commission	-	-	
Others	-	-	
Total (2)	-	-	
Total B (1+2)	2,00,000	2,00,000	
Total Managerial Remuneration (A+B)	20,223,531.0		
Overall Ceiling as per the Act	As per schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013	As per schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013	

## Attachment - K

## A. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD:

		1	2	3
S1. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Chief Financial Officer (Hemal Mehta)	Company Secretary (Deepak Mukhija)	Total
1	Gross salary			
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act,1961	95,11,334	50,99,984	1,46,11,318
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	39,600	32,400	72,000
	(c) -Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961			0
2	Stock Option (perquisite value)			0
3	Sweat Equity			0
4	Commission - as % of profit - others			
5	Others: Bonus			
	Total	95,50,934	51,32,384	1,46,83,318

## Attachment - L

## VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT / COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Type	Section of	Brief	Details of Penalty/	Authority	Appeal
	the	Description	Punishment/Compounding	[RD/	made,
	Companies		fees imposed	NCLT/	if any
	Act			COURT]	(give
					Details)
A. COMPANY					
Penalty					
Punishment			None		
Compounding					
B. DIRECTORS					

Penalty	
Punishment	None
Compounding	
C. OTHER OFFICE	CERS IN DEFAULT
Penalty	
Punishment	None
Compounding	

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

Suresh Soni Hemant Daga

Managing Director & CEO Director

DIN: 02265993 DIN: 07783248

Date: May 20, 2021

### **Remuneration Policy**

### **Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited**

### Objective

The Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') and the Rules framed there under requires a Company to frame policy for determining the remuneration payable to the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel (KMPs) and other employees. While appointing the Directors, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ('the Committee') considers qualification, positive attributes, areas of expertise, , gender diversity and number of Directorships in other companies and such other factors as it may deem fit. The Board considers the Committee's recommendation and takes appropriate action.

The objective of the Remuneration Policy (the Policy) of the Company is to provide a framework for the remuneration of the Independent Directors, Non-executive Directors, Managing Director/Executive Directors, KMPs, and other Senior level employees of the Company.

The primary objective of the Policy is to ensure that:

- i. the level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient to attract and retain talent required to run the Company successfully;
- ii. relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks; and
- iii. remuneration to the Directors, KMPs and senior management comprises a balance fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long-term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.

### Remuneration of the Independent Directors & Non- executive Directors

- The Independent Directors & Non-executive Directors will be eligible for sitting fees for attending the meetings of the Board and the Committees thereof.
- The Independent Directors & Non-executive Directors may also be eligible for commission, subject to limits prescribed under the Act and the Rules framed thereunder.
- The Independent Directors are not eligible for stock options of the Company or a holding company.
- The Non-executive Directors shall be eligible for stock options of the Company or a holding company.

### Remuneration of the Managing Director and Executive Directors

- The remuneration of the Managing Director/Executive Directors is recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ('the NRC') to the Board. Based on the recommendations of the NRC, the Board determines and approves the remuneration of the Managing Director/Executive Directors, subject to necessary approvals, if any.
- The remuneration paid to the Managing Director/Executive Directors is within the limits prescribed under the Act and approved by the shareholders of the Company. The remuneration structure includes fixed salary, perquisites, bonus, other benefits and allowances and contribution to Funds, etc.
- The Managing Director/Executive Directors shall be eligible for stock options of the Company or a holding company.

## Remuneration of the KMP (other than Managing Director/Executive Director) and Senior level employees

- The key components of remuneration package of the KMP (other than Managing Director & Executive Director) and Senior level employees shall comprise of fixed salary, perquisites, annual bonus, other benefits and allowances and contribution to Funds, etc.
- They shall be eligible for stock options of the Company or the Holding Company.

### **Performance Management Process**

The Company has a Performance Management & Review process commensurate to the size and operations of the Company, which forms the basis of Compensation Review. The formal Performance Review Process is undertaken once in a year and Performance evaluation for the employees is largely based on their overall performance for last financial year along with their competency displayed and their potential.

### **Edelweiss Code of Conduct and the Guiding Principles**

- The employees must conduct themselves according to the Edelweiss Code of Conduct and the Guiding Principles.
- Any such breach will attract appropriate disciplinary action and may have a direct bearing on their performance appraisal and rewards.

### **Policy Review**

- The Policy may be amended as may be necessary.
- The NRC shall implement the Policy, and may issue such guidelines, procedures etc. as it may deem fit.

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

### Report on the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying Ind AS financial statements of **Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance sheet as at March 31 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the Ind AS financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, its profit including other comprehensive income, its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the Ind AS financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the 'Code of Ethics' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Ind AS financial statements.

#### **Other Information**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the Ind AS financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Ind AS financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Ind AS Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act read with [the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended]. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Ind AS financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Ind AS Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Ind AS financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Ind AS financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Ind AS financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or

conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Ind AS financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
  - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
  - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
  - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure 2" to this report;
  - (g) In our opinion, the managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2021 has been paid / provided by the Company to its directors in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act;

- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - i. the Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact its financial position;
  - ii. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
  - iii.there were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For GMJ & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 103429W

Haridas Bhat Partner Membership No.:039070

UDIN: 21039070AAAAIT7826

Place: Mumbai Date: May 20, 2021

### Annexure A to the Auditors' Report

The Annexure referred to in our Independent Auditors' Report to the members of Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited ('the Company') on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021, we report that:

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
  - (b) As explained to us, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which all the fixed assets are verified in a phased manner over a period of three years. In our opinion this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not own immovable properties, accordingly, the requirements under paragraph 3(i)(c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (ii) Based on our examination of documents and records, the Company does not own any inventory during the year. Therefore, the provisions of clause 3(ii) of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 are not applicable to the Company.
- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii) (a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- (iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans to directors including entities in which they are interested in respect of which the provisions of section 185 of the Companies Act 2013 are applicable and hence not commented upon. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of investment made and loan given.
- (v) The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public.
- (vi) The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under section 148 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013 for any activities conducted and services rendered by the Company.
- (vii) (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, income-tax, services tax, sales tax, value added tax, goods and service tax, cess and other material statutory dues, applicable to it, have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities. As explained to us, Company did not have any dues on account of employees' state insurance, duty of excise and duty of custom.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income-tax, services tax, sales tax, value added tax, goods and service tax, cess and other material statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues of income tax, service tax, goods and service tax and cess which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute.
- (viii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given by the management, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of borrowing due to debenture holders. The Company did not have any outstanding loan or borrowing dues in respect of a financial institution, or government or banks.
- (ix) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix) of the Order is not applicable.
- (x) According to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- (xi) According to the information and explanations given by the management, the managerial remuneration has been paid / provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) According to the information and explanations provided by the management, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has complied with provisions of section 42 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of the private placement of shares during the year. According to the information and explanations given by the management, we report that the amounts raised, have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised.
- (xv) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934.

For GMJ & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 103429W

Haridas Bhat Partner Membership No.:039070

UDIN: 21039070AAAAIT7826

Place: Mumbai Date: May 20, 2021 Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of **Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing as specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the

maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

## Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting With Reference to these Ind AS Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these Ind AS financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For GMJ & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 103429W

Haridas Bhat Partner Membership No.:039070

UDIN: 21039070AAAAIT7826

Place: Mumbai Date: May 20, 2021

### **Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited**

### **Balance Sheet**

(Currency : Indian rup	(pees	١
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(Currency : molaritapecs)	Notes	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
ASSETS			
Financial assets  Cash and cash equivalents	7	15,10,34,340	90,83,134
Trade receivables	8	6,07,49,977	28,11,86,096
Loans	9	25,27,22,506	9,13,879
Investments	10	19,59,03,468	2,35,15,151
Other financial assets	11	3,85,71,033	4,62,49,819
Other financial assets	''	69,89,81,324	36,09,48,079
Non-financial assets			40.00.47.000
Current tax assets (net)	12	11,27,98,133	12,82,17,923
Deferred tax assets (net)	13	93,50,193	56,18,300
Property, plant and equipment	14	76,79,972	40,43,587
Intangible assets under development	4.4	13,20,000	
Other intangible assets Other non- financial assets	14 15	1,13,89,597	2,76,02,022
Other non- financial assets	15	42,47,26,137 56,72,64,032	43,86,41,823 60,41,23,655
		50,72,04,032	00,41,23,000
TOTAL ASSETS		1,26,62,45,356	96,50,71,734
LIABILITIES Financial liabilities Trade payables (i) Total outstanding due of micro enterprises and small enterprises (ii) Total outstanding due of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises Borrowings (other than debt securities) Other financial liabilities	41 16 17	60,774 2,88,96,643 57,04,153 14,79,26,278 18,25,87,848	- 6,35,74,954 1,12,55,87,799 2,45,95,858 1,21,37,58,611
Non-financial liabilities		4 / 4 0 4 0 7 0	
Provisions	18	1,61,04,873	1,11,41,000
Other non-financial liabilities	19	5,59,91,116	8,75,98,480
		7,20,95,989	9,87,39,480
Equity			
Equity share capital	20.1	12,37,47,370	2,37,47,370
Instruments entirely equity in nature	20.2	1,10,00,00,000	- (27.11.72.727)
Other equity		(21,21,85,851)	(37,11,73,727)
		1,01,15,61,519	(34,74,26,357)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		1,26,62,45,356	96,50,71,734

Significant accounting policies and notes forming part of the financial statements

This is the balance sheet referred to in our report of even date.

For GMJ & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No.: 103429W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Haridas Bhat Partner

Membership No: 039070

Hemant Daga Executive Director DIN.: 07783248

Suresh Chandra Soni Managing Director & CEO DIN.: 02265993

Hemal Mehta Chief Financial Officer Deepak Mukhija Company Secretary

Mumbai 20 May 2021 Mumbai 20 May 2021

#### Statement of Profit and Loss

(Currency : Indianrupees)	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
Revenue from operations			
Interest income	21	1,55,44,682	1,84,675
Revenue from contract with customers	22	1,41,84,37,074	1,30,77,25,850
Net gain on fair value changes	23	46,39,632	20,41,399
Other income	24	59,16,334	6,45,65,932
Total Revenue	_	1,44,45,37,722	1,37,45,17,856
Expenses			
Finance costs	25	11,34,80,635	12,55,70,912
Impairment on financial instruments	26	45,022	
Employee benefits expense	27	67,19,86,255	55,71,93,741
Depreciation, amortisation and impairment	14	2,51,21,076	3,16,37,824
Other expenses	28	48,53,88,751	48,26,70,639
Total expenses	_	1,29,60,21,739	1,19,70,73,116
Profit before tax		14,85,15,983	17,74,44,740
Tax expenses	29		(* ***
Current tax		-	(1,88,111)
Deferred tax		(54,28,393)	(3,53,787)
Profit for the year		15,39,44,376	17,79,86,638
Other Comprehensive Income Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss Remeasurement gain on defined benefit plans Tax effect on measurement gain on defined benefit plans (OCI)		67,40,000 16,96,500	7,79,000
Other Comprehensive Income		50,43,500	7,79,000
		55/12/255	17:17:00
Total Comprehensive Income	_	15,89,87,876	17,87,65,638
Earnings per equity share (face value Rs.10 each):			
Basic	30	48.16	74.95
Diluted	30	48.33	74.95
Significant accounting policies and notes forming part of the financial statements	1-46		

This is the Statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date

For GMJ & Co.

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm's Registration No.: 103429W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Haridas Bhat** Partner

Membership No: 039070

Hemant Daga Executive Director DIN.: 07783248

Suresh Chandra Soni Managing Director & CEO DIN.: 02265993

Hemal Mehta Chief Financial Officer **Deepak Mukhija** Company Secretary

Mumbai 20 May 2021 Mumbai 20 May 2021

#### **Cash Flow Statement** (Currency: Indian rupees)

		For the year ended	For the year ended
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
A.	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit before taxation	14,85,15,983	17,74,44,740
	Adjustments for		
	Depreciation and ammortisation expenses	2,51,21,076	3,16,37,824
	Impairment of financial instruments	45,022	-
	Provision for compensated absences	(12,92,127)	1,39,000
	Profit on sale of fixed assets	(4,966)	(17,40,439)
	Finance cost on lease liability	2,25,086	
	Net gain on fair value changes	(46,39,632)	(20,41,399)
	Interest income	(1,51,27,370)	
	Interest expense	11,31,71,045	12,54,94,350
	Operating cash flow before working capital changes	26,60,14,117	33,09,34,076
	Add / (less): Adjustments for working capital changes		
	Decrease in trade receivables	22,04,36,119	46,58,43,253
	Decrease/(increase) in loans and advances	(25,16,92,978)	29,86,701
	Decrease in other financial assets	76,78,786	54,90,215
	(Increase)/decrease in other non financial assets	1,39,15,684	(18,48,62,455)
	(Decrease)/increase in trade payables	(3,46,17,537)	26,85,335
	Increase in provisions	1,29,96,000	24,89,000
	Increase/(decrease) in other financial liabilites	11,95,69,635	(18,78,20,365)
	Decrease in other non financial liabilites	(3,16,07,364)	(57,63,949)
	Cash generated from operations	5,66,78,345	10,10,47,735
	Income tax paid/refund	1,54,19,790	(7,13,40,160)
	Net cash generated from operating activity - A	33,81,12,252	36,06,41,651
В.	Cash flow from investing activities		
	Amount received on capital redemption & Sale of investments	65,28,39,431	13,90,957
	Purchase of Investment	(82,47,93,219)	(4.70.04.000)
	Purchase of Property, plant & equipment and intangible assets	(88,72,485)	(1,73,91,088)
	Capital expenditure towards development of intangible assets	(13,20,000)	-
	Sale of Property, plant & equipment and intangible assets	2,07,439	37,21,789
	Income received on investments	42,05,104	34,55,591
	Net cash (used in) investing activities - B	(17,77,33,730)	(88,22,751)
C.	Cash flow from financing activities		
	Repayment of unsecured short term borrowings (refer note 2 below)	(1,11,99,24,195)	(21,87,30,189)
	Proceeds from inter corporate deposit	95,43,00,000	50,00,00,000
	Repayment of inter corporate deposit	(95,43,00,000)	(50,00,00,000)
	Proceeds from Issue of compulsory convertible debentures	1,10,00,00,000	-
	Danasa da Garan Garah Irana a Garanika aharan	10 00 00 000	

## C.

Proceesds from fresh issue of equity shares 10,00,00,000 Interest paid (including interest paid on inter corpoate deposits) (11,25,88,030) (13,08,85,382) Principal repayment of leases (Ind AS 116) (6,56,704) Finance cost paid (IND AS 116) (2,25,086) Interest received 1,49,66,699 Net cash (used in) financing activities - C (34,96,15,571) (1,84,27,316) 14,19,51,206 22,03,329 Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)

#### Note:

1. Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year 90,83,134 68,79,805 Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year 15,10,34,340 90,83,134

2.Net figures have been reported on account of volume of transactions.

This is the Cash flow statement referred to in our report of even date.

For GMJ & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 103429W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Haridas Bhat

Partner

Membership No: 039070

Hemant Daga Executive Director

DIN.: 07783248

Suresh Chandra Soni Managing Director & CEO DIN.: 02265993

Hemal Mehta Chief Financial Officer Mumbai 20 May 2021

Deepak Mukhija Company Secretary

Mumbai 20 May 2021

(Currency: Indian rupees)

#### Statement of Changes in Equity

#### (A) Equity share capital

	Balance at the beginning of the reporting period (1 April 2019)	Changes in equity share capital (refer note 20.1)	Balance at the end of the reporting period (31 March 2020)	Changes in equity share capital (refer note 20.1)	Balance at the end of the reporting period (31 March 2021)
ſ	2,37,47,370	-	2,37,47,370	10,00,00,000	12,37,47,370

#### (B) Instruments entirely equity in nature

ſ	Balance at the beginning of the reporting	Changes during	Balance at the end	Changes during the	Balance at the end of
	period	the year	of the reporting	year (refer note 20.2)	the reporting period
	·	-	period		(31 March 2021)
			(31 March 2020)		
ſ	-	-	-	1,10,00,00,000	1,10,00,00,000

#### (C) Other Equity

		Reserves	and Surplus	
	Securities	Share Option	Retained earnings	Total
	premium	Reserve		
Balance at 31 March 2019 (Ind AS)	11,91,11,620	3,08,95,039	(69,99,46,024)	(54,99,39,365)
Profit for the year	-	-	17,79,86,638	17,79,86,638
Remeasurement gain / loss on defined benefit				
plans (OCI)	-	-	7,79,000	7,79,000
Balance at 31 March 2020 (Ind AS)	11,91,11,620	3,08,95,039	(52,11,80,386)	(37,11,73,727)
Profit for the year	-	-	15,39,44,376	15,39,44,376
Other comprehensive income for the year	-	-	50,43,500	50,43,500
Balance at 31 March 2021 (Ind AS)	11,91,11,620	3,08,95,039	(36,21,92,510)	(21,21,85,851)

#### (i) Securities premium

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve can be utilised only for limited purposes such as issuance of bonus shares in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

#### (ii) Share Option Reserve

The share option reserve comprises the cumulative value of employee services received for the issue of the options under the share plans of the ultimate holding company.

This is the Statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date

For GMJ & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No.: 103429W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Haridas Bhat

Partner Membership No: 039070 Hemant Daga Executive Director Suresh Chandra Soni Managing Director & CEO

DIN.: 07783248 DIN.: 02265993

Hemal Mehta

Deepak Mukhija Company Secretary

Mumbai 20 May 2021 Chief Financial Officer

Mumbai 20 May 2021

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

## 1. Background

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited ('the Company') is registered a Company incorporated in India on 14 May 2008. Its is a subsidiary of Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited, a Company incorporated in India.

The ultimate holding company is Edelweiss Financial Services Limited, which is incorporated in India

The Company is an Investment Manager to Alternative Investment Funds and also provides non-binding advisory services to certain offshore funds under Edelweiss Group.

## 2. Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements are Special Purpose Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) Financial Statement prepared for the purpose of preparation of consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2021 for Edelweiss Financial Service Limited (Holding Company) for its reporting of Consolidated audited financial results under Ind-AS Division III of Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"). The Company has prepared a separate set of financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 which is prepar ed in accordance with Division II of Schedule III and Ind-AS prescribed under Section 133 of the Act read together with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.

The financial statements of the Company has been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended from time to time).

These financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for certain financial instruments such as financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) instruments which have been measured at fair value. The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR)

The outbreak of COVID - 19 pandemic has affected several countries across the world, including India. The Government is undertaking several measures to restrict the spread of virus and provide financial support to some stressed sectors. Further, while the COVID-19 vaccination efforts have gained momentum, uncertainty due to the resurgence of COVID cases across many parts of India is rising. The extent to which COVID-19 pandemic will impact the Company, if any, depends on future spread of the virus and related developments, which are uncertain at this point of time. There has been no material change in the controls or processes followed in the closing of the financial statements of the Company.

In preparing the accompanying financial results, the Company's management has assessed the impact of the pandemic on its operations and its assets including the value of its investments, asset management rights and trade receivables as at March 31, 2021. Since the revenue of the Company is ultimately dependent on the value of the assets it manages, changes in market conditions and the trend of flows into alternate funds may have an impact on the operations of the Company. Basis the assessment, the management does not, at this juncture, believe that the impact on the value of the Company's assets or its operations is likely to be material.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

## 3. Presentation of financial statements

The Company presents its balance sheet in order of liquidity in compliance with the Division III of the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. An analysis regarding recovery or settlement within 12 months after the reporting date (current) and more than 12 months after the reporting date (non-current) is presented in Note 33.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are generally reported gross in the balance sheet. They are only offset and reported net when, in addition to having an unconditional legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts without being contingent on a future event, the parties also intend to settle on a net basis in all of the following circumstances:

- The normal course of business
- The event of default
- The event of insolvency or bankruptcy of the company and or its counterparties

# 4. Significant accounting policies

#### 4.1 Financial Instruments

## 4.1.1 Date of recognition

Financial assets and financial liabilities, with the exception of borrowings are initially recognized on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. This includes regular way trades: purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame generally established by regulation or convention in the market place. The Company recognises borrowings when funds are available for utilisation to the Company.

#### 4.1.2 Initial measurement of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

## 4.1.3 Day 1 profit or loss

When the transaction price of the financial instrument differs from the fair value at origination and the fair value is based on a valuation technique using only inputs observable in market transactions, the Company recognises the difference between the transaction price and fair value in net gain on fair value changes. In those cases where fair value is based on models for which some of the inputs are not observable, the difference between the

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

transaction price and the fair value is deferred and is only recognized in profit or loss when the inputs become observable, or when the instrument is derecognized.

#### 4.2 Classification of financial instruments

#### 4.2.1 Financial assets:

The Company classifies all of its financial assets based on the business model for managing the assets and the asset's contractual terms, measured at either:

- Amortised cost
- Fair value through other comprehensive income [FVOCI)
- Fair value through profit or loss [FVTPL]

The Company measures debt financial assets that meet the following conditions at amortised cost:

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Debt instruments that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (except for debt instruments that are designated as at fair value through profit or loss on initial recognition):

- the financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

By default, all other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

## 4.2.1.1 Amortized cost and Effective interest method

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a debt instrument and of allocating interest income over the relevant period.

For financial instruments other than purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, the effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts (including all fees and points paid or received that form an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) excluding expected credit losses, through the expected life of the debt instrument, or, where appropriate, a shorter period, to the gross carrying amount of the debt instrument on initial recognition. For purchased or originated credit-impaired financial assets, a credit-adjusted effective interest rate is calculated by discounting the estimated future cash flows, including expected credit losses, to the amortised cost of the debt instrument on initial recognition.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

The amortised cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortisation using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any loss allowance. On the other hand, the gross carrying amount of a financial asset is the amortised cost of a financial asset before adjusting for any loss allowance.

Investment in equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value through profit or loss, unless the management has elected to classify irrevocably some of its strategic equity investments to be measured at FVTOCI, when such instruments meet the definition of Equity under Ind AS and are not held for trading. Such classification is determined on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

## 4.2.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost

#### 4.2.2.1 Debt securities and other borrowed funds

After initial measurement, other borrowed funds are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on issue funds, and costs that are an integral part of the EIR.

## 4.2.2.2 Financial assets and Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets and financial liabilities in this category are those that are not held for trading and are mandatorily required to be measured at fair value under Ind AS 109.

- The liabilities are part of a Company of financial liabilities, which are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy; Or
- Financial assets and financial liabilities at FVTPL are recorded in the balance sheet at fair value. Changes in fair value are recorded in profit and loss with the exception of movements in fair value of liabilities designated at FVTPL due to changes in the Company's own credit risk. Such changes in fair value are recorded in the Own credit reserve through OCI and do not get recycled to the profit or loss. Interest earned or incurred on instruments designated at FVTPL is accrued in interest income or finance cost, respectively, using the EIR, taking into account any discount/premium and qualifying transaction costs being an integral part of instrument. Interest earned on assets mandatorily required to be measured at FVTPL is recorded using contractual interest rate.

Similarly, any realised gain or loss on sale of financial instruments measured at FVTPL and debt instruments measured at FVOCI is recognised in net gain / loss on fair value changes.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

# 4.2.3 Financial liabilities and equity instruments

Financial instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an Company after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by a Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Repurchase of the Company's own equity instruments is recognized and deducted directly in equity. No gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss on the purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

#### 4.3 Reclassification of financial assets and financial liabilities

The Company does not reclassify its financial assets subsequent to their initial recognition, apart from the exceptional circumstances in which the Company acquires, disposes of, or terminates a business line. Financial liabilities are never reclassified.

# 4.4 Derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities

## 4.4.1 Derecognition of financial assets due to substantial modification of terms and conditions

The Company derecognises a financial asset, such as a loan to a customer, when the terms and conditions have been renegotiated to the extent that, substantially, it becomes a new loan, with the difference recognized as a derecognition gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

If the modification does not result in cash flows that are substantially different, the modification does not result in derecognition. Based on the change in cash flows discounted at the original EIR, the Company records a modification gain or loss, to the extent that an impairment loss has not already been recorded.

#### 4.4.2 Derecognition of financial assets (other than due to substantial modification)

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a Company of similar financial assets) is derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset have expired. The Company also derecognises the financial asset if it has both transferred the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition.

The Company has transferred the financial asset if, and only if, either:

• The Company has transferred its contractual rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset; or

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

• It retains the rights to the cash flows, but has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement.

A transfer only qualifies for derecognition if either:

- The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset; or
- The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset

The Company considers control to be transferred if and only if, the transferee has the practical ability to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party and is able to exercise that ability unilaterally and without imposing additional restrictions on the transfer.

# 4.4.3 Derecognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged, cancelled or expires.

Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference between the carrying value of the original financial liability and the consideration paid, including modified contractual cash flow recognized as new financial liability, would be recognized in profit or loss.

## 4.5 Impairment of financial assets

The Company records allowance for expected credit losses for all loans, other debt financial assets not held at FVTPL, together with loan commitment and financial guarantee contracts, in this section all referred to as 'financial instruments'. Equity instruments are not subject to impairment.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition. The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance on portfolio of its receivables. The provision matrix is based on its historically observed default rates over the expected life of the receivables. However if receivables contain a significant financing component, the Company chooses as its accounting policy to measure the loss allowance by applying general approach to measure ECL.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

For all other financial instruments, the Company recognises lifetime ECL when there has been a significant increase in credit risk (SICR) since initial recognition. If, on the other hand, the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company measures the loss allowance for that financial instrument at an amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses (12m ECL). The assessment of whether lifetime ECL should be recognized is based on significant increases in the likelihood or risk of a default occurring since initial recognition instead of an evidence of a financial asset being credit-impaired at the reporting date or an actual default occurring.

Lifetime ECL represents the expected credit losses that will result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. In contrast, 12m ECL represents the portion of lifetime ECL that is expected to result from default events on a financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

The measurement of expected credit losses is a function of the probability of default, loss given default (i.e. the magnitude of the loss if there is a default) and the exposure at default. The assessment of the probability of default and loss given default is based on historical data adjusted by forward-looking information. As for the exposure at default, (EAD) for financial assets, this is represented by the assets' gross carrying amount at the reporting date; for loan commitments and financial guarantee contracts, the exposure includes the amount drawn down as at the reporting date, together with any additional amounts expected to be drawn down in the future by default date determined based on historical trend, the Company's understanding of the specific future financing needs of the debtors, and other relevant forward-looking information.

For financial assets, the expected credit loss (ECL) is estimated as the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The Company recognises an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account.

If a financial instrument includes both a loan (i.e. financial asset) and an undrawn commitment (i.e. loan commitment) component and the Company cannot separately identify the ECL on the loan commitment component from those on the financial asset component, the ECL on the loan commitment have been recognized together with the loss allowance for the financial asset. To the extent that the combined expected credit losses exceed the gross carrying amount of the financial asset, the expected credit losses have been recognized as a provision. Also, for other loan commitments and all financial guarantee contracts, the loss allowance has been recognized as a provision.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

#### 4.6 Write off

Financial assets are written off either partially or in their entirety only when the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovery.

#### 4.7 Determination of fair value

The Company measures financial instruments, at fair value at each balance sheet date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs. In order to show how fair values have been derived, financial instruments are classified based on a hierarchy of valuation techniques, as summarised below:

- Level 1 financial instruments —Those where the inputs used in the valuation are unadjusted
  quoted prices from active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has
  access to at the measurement date. The Company considers markets as active only if there
  are sufficient trading activities with regards to the volume and liquidity of the identical
  assets or liabilities and when there are binding and exercisable price quotes available on the
  balance sheet date.
- Level 2 financial instruments—Those where the inputs that are used for valuation and are significant, are derived from directly or indirectly observable market data available over the entire period of the instrument's life.
- Level 3 financial instruments –Those that include one or more unobservable input that is significant to the measurement as whole. For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period. The Company periodically reviews its valuation techniques including the adopted methodologies and model calibrations.

Therefore, the Company applies various techniques to estimate the credit risk associated with its financial instruments measured at fair value, which include a portfolio-based approach that estimates the expected net exposure per counterparty over the full lifetime of the individual assets, in order to reflect the credit risk of the individual counterparties for non-collateralised financial instruments.

The Company evaluates the levelling at each reporting period on an instrument-by-instrument basis and reclassifies instruments when necessary based on the facts at the end of the reporting period.

#### 4.8 Revenue from contract with customer

Revenue is measured at transaction price i.e. the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring promised goods or services to the customer, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties. The Company consider the terms of the contract and its customary business practices to determine the transaction price. Where the consideration promised is variable, the Company excludes the estimates of variable consideration that are constrained.

- a. Revenue from fund management services is recognized over the tenure in accordance with the terms and conditions of the investment management agreement between the Company and the Fund for which the Company acts as a fund manager.
- b. Fee income including advisory fees is accounted over the period as the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits, as the services are rendered.
- c. The company recognises incremental costs of obtaining a contract with a customer as an asset if it expects to recover those costs. This asset is amortised to profit or loss on a systematic basis consistent with the transfer to the customer of the goods or services to which the asset relates.

# d. Recognition of Interest income

Under Ind AS 109 interest income is recorded using the effective interest rate (EIR) method for all financial instruments measured at amortised cost and debt instrument measured at FVOCI. The EIR is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of the financial asset.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

- The EIR (and therefore, the amortised cost of the financial asset) is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition, fees and costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The Company recognises interest income using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected life of the loan. Hence, it recognises the effect of potentially different interest rates charged at various stages, and other characteristics of the product life cycle (including prepayments, penalty interest and charges).
- Interest income from a financial asset is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.
- In case of staff loans interest income is recognised on accrual basis

## 4.9 Operating leases

As described in Note 35.4, the Company has applied Ind AS 116 while recognising lease cost.

#### Company as a lessee:

For contracts entered into, the Company considers whether a contract is, or contains a lease. A lease is defined as 'a contract, or part of a contract, that conveys the right to use an asset (the underlying asset) for a period of time in exchange for consideration'. To apply this definition the Company assesses whether the contract is or contains lease

#### Measurement and recognition

At lease commencement date, the Company recognises a right-of-use (ROU) asset and a lease liability on the balance sheet. The right-of-use asset is measured at cost, which is made up of the initial measurement of the lease liability, any initial direct costs incurred by the Company, an estimate of any costs to dismantle and remove the asset at the end of the lease, and any lease payments made in advance of the lease commencement date (net of any incentives received).

The Company depreciates the right-of-use assets on a straight-line basis from the lease commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The Company also assesses the right-of-use asset for impairment when such indicators exist. At the commencement date, the Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments unpaid at that date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease if that rate is readily available or at the incremental borrowing rate.

Subsequent to initial measurement, the liability will be reduced for payments made and increased for interest. It is remeasured to reflect any reassessment or modification, or if

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

there are changes in in-substance fixed payments. When the lease liability is remeasured, the corresponding adjustment is reflected in the right-of-use asset, or profit and loss if the right-of-use asset is already reduced to zero

Short term lease

The Company has elected not to recognise right of use asset and lease liabilities for short term leases of property that has lease term of 12 months or less. The Company recognises lease payment associated with these leases as an expense on a straight line basis over lease term.

In the comparative period, as a lessee the Company classified leases that transfer substantially all the risk and reward of ownership as finance leases. Assets held under other leases are classified as operating lease and were not recognised in Company Balance sheet. Payments made under operating lease are recognised as an expense in the statement of profit and loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term, in which case lease payments are recognised based on contractual terms. Contingent rental payable is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred

## 4.10 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding for the year.

Diluted earnings per share reflect the potential dilution that could occur if securities or other contracts to issue equity shares were exercised or converted during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to the equity shareholders for the year by weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all potential equity shares.

## 4.11 Foreign currency transactions

The Financial Statements are presented in Indian Rupees which is also functional currency of the company. Transactions in currencies other than Indian Rupees (i.e. foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated

Exchange differences on monetary items are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

## 4.12 Retirement and other employee benefit

Provident fund and national pension scheme

The Company contributes to a recognized provident fund and national pension scheme which is a defined contribution scheme. The contributions are accounted for on an accrual basis and recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

## Gratuity

The Company's gratuity scheme is a defined benefit plan. The Company's net obligation in respect of the gratuity benefit scheme is calculated by estimating the amount of future benefit that the employees have earned in return for their service in the current and prior periods, that benefit is discounted to determine its present value, and the fair value of any plan assets, if any, is deducted. The present value of the obligation under such benefit plan is determined based on independent actuarial valuation using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Benefits in respect of gratuity are funded with an Insurance company approved by Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority (IRDA).

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognized immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through OCI in the period in which they occur.

Remeasurements are not reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods

#### Compensated Absences

The eligible employees of the Company are permitted to carry forward certain number of their annual leave entitlement to subsequent years, subject to a ceiling. The Company recognises the charge in the statement of profit and loss and corresponding liability on such non-vesting accumulated leave entitlement based on a valuation by an independent actuary. The cost of providing annual leave benefits is determined using the projected unit credit method.

## 4.13 Share-based payment arrangements

Equity-settled share-based payments to employees and others providing similar services that are granted by the Ultimate Parent Company are measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the grant date.

The fair value determined at the grant date of the equity-settled share-based payments is expensed over the vesting period, based on the Company's estimate of equity instruments that will eventually vest, with a corresponding increase in equity. At the end of each reporting period, the Company revises its estimate of the number of equity instruments expected to vest. The impact of the revision of the original estimates, if any, is recognized in profit or loss such that the cumulative expense reflects the revised estimate, with a corresponding adjustment to the 'Share Option Reserve'. In cases where the share options granted vest in instalments over

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

the vesting period, the Company treats each instalment as a separate grant, because each instalment has a different vesting period, and hence the fair value of each installment differs.

## 4.14 Property, plant and equipment

Property plant and equipment is stated at cost excluding the costs of day—to—day servicing, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment in value. Changes in the expected useful life are accounted for by changing the amortisation period or methodology, as appropriate, and treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Subsequent costs incurred on an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in the carrying amount thereof when those costs meet the recognition criteria as mentioned above. Repairs and maintenance are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of assets (other than freehold land and properties under construction) less their residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is provided on a written down value basis from the date the asset is ready for its intended use or put to use whichever is earlier. In respect of assets sold, depreciation is provided upto the date of disposal.

As per the requirement of Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013, the Company has evaluated the useful lives of the respective fixed assets which are as per the provisions of Part C of the Schedule II for calculating the depreciation. The estimated useful lives of the fixed assets are as follows:

Estimated useful lives of the assets are as follows:

Computers - End user devices, such as desktops, laptops, etc.

Nature of assets

Motor Vehicle

8 years

Office Equipment

5 years

Computers - Servers and networks

6 years

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. The carrying amount of those components which have been separately recognized as assets is derecognized at the time of replacement thereof. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

3 years

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

## 4.15 Intangible assets

The Company's intangible assets mainly include the value of computer software and Investment Management Rights.

Intangibles such as software are amortised over a period of 3 years based on its estimated useful life.

Intangibles such as Investments Management Rights, representing premium paid to acquire Investment Management rights of new funds are amortised over the tenure of the fund.

An intangible asset is recognized only when its cost can be measured reliably, and it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to it will flow to the Company.

Intangible assets acquired separately are measured on initial recognition at cost. The cost of intangible assets acquired in a business combination is their fair value as at the date of acquisition. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the useful economic life.

Projects under which Intangible assets are not yet ready for their intended use are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable interest and are disclosed as "Intangible asset under development".

## 4.16 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is any indication that an asset may be impaired based on internal/external factors. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of cash generating unit which the asset belongs to is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount. The reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognized in the statement of profit and loss. If at the balance sheet date there is an indication that a previously assessed impairment loss no longer exists, the recoverable amount is reassessed and the asset is reflected at the recoverable amount subject to a maximum of the depreciable historical cost.

# 4.17 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

# 4.18 Provisions and other contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that the Company will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows to net present value using an appropriate pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability.

A present obligation that arises from past events, where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made, is disclosed as a contingent liability. Contingent liabilities are also disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company. Claims against the Company, where the possibility of any outflow of resources in settlement is remote, are not disclosed as contingent liabilities.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realised. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and is recognized.

#### 4.19 Income tax expenses

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### 4.19.1 Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### 4.19.2 Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

Deferred tax assets are also recognized with respect to carryforward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the unused tax losses and unused tax credits can be utilised.

It is probable that taxable profit will be available against which a deductible temporary difference, unused tax loss or unused tax credit can be utilised when there are sufficient taxable temporary differences which are expected to reverse in the period of reversal of deductible temporary difference or in periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back. When this is not the case, deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent it is probable that:

- the company will have sufficient taxable profit in the same period as reversal of deductible temporary difference or periods in which a tax loss can be carried forward or back; or
- tax planning opportunities are available that will create taxable profit in appropriate periods.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

5 Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, which are described in note 4, the management is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

## 5.1 Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

The following are the critical judgements, that the management has made in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognized in the Financial Statements.

#### 5.1.1 Business model assessment

Classification and measurement of financial assets depends on the results of the SPPI and the business model test. The Company determines the business model at a level that reflects how Company's financial assets are managed together to achieve a particular business objective. This assessment includes judgement reflecting all relevant evidence including how the performance of the assets is evaluated and their performance is measured, the risks that affect the performance of the assets and how these are managed and how the managers of the assets are compensated. The Company monitors financial assets measured at amortised cost that are derecognized prior to their maturity to understand the quantum, the reason for their disposal and whether the reasons are consistent with the objective of the business for which the asset was held. Monitoring is part of the Company's continuous assessment of whether the business model for which the remaining financial assets are held continues to be appropriate and if it is not appropriate whether there has been a change in business model and so a prospective change to the classification of those assets.

## 5.1.2 Significant increase in credit risk

ECL is measured as an allowance equal to 12-month ECL for stage 1 assets, or lifetime ECL for stage 2 or stage 3 assets. An asset moves to stage 2 when its credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition. Ind AS 109 does not define what constitutes a significant increase in credit risk. In assessing whether the credit risk of an asset has significantly increased the Company takes into account qualitative and quantitative reasonable and supportable forward-looking information.

#### 5.1.3 Consolidation of structured entities

A structured entity is an entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements. In the context of the Company, structured entities comprises alternative investment funds / schemes thereof. The Company consolidates the structured entities that it controls. When making this judgement, the Company also considers voting and similar rights available to itself and other parties, who may limit the Company's ability to control, including rights to appoint, reassign or remove members of the structured entity's key management personnel who have the ability to direct the relevant activities, the exposure to variability of returns and whether the Company has the ability to use its power to affect the amount of the Company's returns i.e. the variability of returns in relation to the total returns of the investee entity. For disclosures of unconsolidated structured entities, refer Note 40.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

# 5.2 Key sources of estimation uncertainty

The following are the key assumptions concerning the future, and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the end of the reporting period that may have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, as described below. The Company based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available when the Financial Statements were prepared. Existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, however, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

#### • Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the balance sheet cannot be derived from active markets, they are determined using a variety of valuation techniques that include the use of valuation models. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, estimation is required in establishing fair values. Judgements and estimates include considerations of liquidity and model inputs related to items such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), funding value adjustments, correlation and volatility.

## • Impairment of financial assets

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement, in particular, the estimation of the amount and timing of future cash flows and collateral values when determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. These estimates are driven by a number of factors, changes in which can result in different levels of allowances.

The Company's ECL calculations are outputs of models with a number of underlying assumptions regarding the choice of variable inputs and their interdependencies. Elements of the ECL models that are considered accounting judgements and estimates include:

- Probabilities of defaults (PDs) the calculation of which includes historical data, assumptions and expectations of future conditions.
- The Company's criteria for assessing if there has been a significant increase in credit risk and so allowances for financial assets should be measured on a life-time expected credit loss model basis and the qualitative assessment
- The segmentation of financial assets when their ECL is assessed on a collective basis
- Development of ECL models, including the various formulas and the choice of inputs

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Currency: (Indian Rupees)

- Determination of associations between macroeconomic scenarios and, economic inputs, such as unemployment levels and collateral values, and the effect on PDs, exposure at defaults and loss given defaults (LGDs)
- Selection of forward-looking macroeconomic scenarios and their probability weightings, to derive the economic inputs into the ECL models

It is Company's policy to regularly review its models in the context of actual loss experience and adjust when necessary

Effective interest rate method

The Company's EIR methodology recognises interest income / expense using a rate of return that represents the best estimate of a constant rate of return over the expected behavioural life of loans given / taken and recognises the effect of characteristics of the product life cycle.

This estimation, by nature, requires an element of judgement regarding the expected behaviour and life-cycle of the instruments, as well expected changes fee income/expense that are integral parts of the instrument.

6 Standards issued but not yet effective

There are no new standard or amendment issued but not effective.

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

(00	Tendy : Malan apecs)	As at	As at
7	Cash and cash equivalents	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
	Cash in hand	_	360
	Balances with banks		300
	- in current accounts	15,10,34,340	90,82,774
		15,10,34,340	90,83,134
8	Trade receivables		
	Unsecured		
	Receivables considered good	6,07,49,977	28,11,86,096
	Less : Allowance for expected credit losses		-
		6,07,49,977	28,11,86,096

## Ageing of Trade receivables

Trade receivables days past due	0-90days	91-180 days	More than 180 days	Total
As at March 31, 2021				
Estimated total gross carrying amount	6,03,02,731	1,13,153	3,34,093	6,07,49,977
ECL provision	-	-	-	-
Net carrying amount	6,03,02,731	1,13,153	3,34,093	6,07,49,977
As at March 31, 2020				
Estimated total gross carrying amount	24,89,23,861	1,24,38,235	1,98,24,000	28,11,86,096
ECL provision	-	-	-	-
Net carrying amount	24,89,23,861	1,24,38,235	1,98,24,000	28,11,86,096

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indi	ian rupees)

	ncy : Indian rupees)	As at	As at
		March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
9	Loans (Unsecured, At ammortised cost)		
	Loan to holding company (Variable interest rate loan, weighted average borrowing cost plus 1	25,01,15,649	-
	percent (previous year:N.A),repayable on demand) Loan to employees	26,06,857	9,13,879
		25,27,22,506	9,13,879
10	Investments		
	Quoted		
	Investments in units of Mutual Fund Investments in equity instruments	17,51,86,034 1,30,28,238	-
	<u>Unquoted</u> Investments in units of Alternative Investment Funds (AIF)	76,89,196	2,35,15,151
		19,59,03,468	2,35,15,151
11	Other financial assets  Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	3,69,41,281	4,62,49,819
	The above investments are held in India and are designated as Investments	at Fair Value Through Pro	ofit or loss.
-		3 69 41 281	4 62 49 819
	Rental deposits	16,29,752	-
		3,85,71,033	4,62,49,819
	Current toy accets (not)		
12	Current tax assets (net)		
12	Advance income taxes (refer note 29)	11,27,98,133	12,82,17,923
12		11,27,98,133	12,82,17,923 12,82,17,923
	Advance income taxes (refer note 29)		
	Advance income taxes (refer note 29)  Deferred tax assets (net)  Deferred tax assets (refer note 29)  Employee benefit obligations		
	Advance income taxes (refer note 29)  Deferred tax assets (net)  Deferred tax assets (refer note 29)		12,82,17,923
	Advance income taxes (refer note 29)  Deferred tax assets (net)  Deferred tax assets (refer note 29)  Employee benefit obligations Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961 &	11,27,98,133	12,82,17,923 4,65,400
	Advance income taxes (refer note 29)  Deferred tax assets (net)  Deferred tax assets (refer note 29)  Employee benefit obligations Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961 & provision for leave accumulation  Property, plant and equipment and intangibles Difference between book and tax depreciation  Loans	11,27,98,133 34,11,300 70,05,100	12,82,17,923 4,65,400
	Advance income taxes (refer note 29)  Deferred tax assets (net)  Deferred tax assets (refer note 29)  Employee benefit obligations Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961 & provision for leave accumulation  Property, plant and equipment and intangibles Difference between book and tax depreciation  Loans Provision for expected credit losses Others	11,27,98,133 34,11,300 70,05,100 11,300	
	Deferred tax assets (net)  Deferred tax assets (refer note 29)  Employee benefit obligations Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961 & provision for leave accumulation  Property, plant and equipment and intangibles Difference between book and tax depreciation  Loans Provision for expected credit losses Others ROU Assets less lease liabilities (net)	11,27,98,133 34,11,300 70,05,100	12,82,17,923 4,65,400
	Deferred tax assets (net)  Deferred tax assets (refer note 29)  Employee benefit obligations Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961 & provision for leave accumulation  Property, plant and equipment and intangibles Difference between book and tax depreciation  Loans Provision for expected credit losses Others ROU Assets less lease liabilities (net)  Deferred tax liabilities	11,27,98,133 34,11,300 70,05,100 11,300	12,82,17,923 4,65,400
	Deferred tax assets (net)  Deferred tax assets (refer note 29)  Employee benefit obligations Disallowances under section 43B of the Income Tax Act, 1961 & provision for leave accumulation  Property, plant and equipment and intangibles Difference between book and tax depreciation  Loans Provision for expected credit losses Others ROU Assets less lease liabilities (net)	11,27,98,133 34,11,300 70,05,100 11,300	12,82,17,923 4,65,400

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

#### 14 Property, plant and equipment and other intangibles

		Gross	block		Depreciation and ammortization				Net	block
Description of assets	As at 1 April 2020	Additions during the year	Deductions during the year	As at 31 March 2021	As at 1 April 2020	Additions during the year	Deductions during the year	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2021	As at 31 March 2020
(A) Property,plant and equipment										
Furniture & Fixtures	1,09,000	1,44,334	-	2,53,334	6,161	29,589	-	35,750	2,17,584	1,02,839
Office equipment	25,74,692	1,18,049	-	26,92,741	18,91,964	3,50,785	-	22,42,749	4,49,992	6,82,728
Motor vehicle	40,57,139	-	-	40,57,139	26,94,475	4,47,202	-	31,41,677	9,15,462	13,62,664
Computers	75,63,823	29,14,463	10,34,841	94,43,445	56,68,467	16,35,203	8,32,369	64,71,301	29,72,144	18,95,356
Right to use asset	-	38,75,023	-	38,75,023	-	7,50,233	-	7,50,233	31,24,790	-
Total : A	1,43,04,654	70,51,869	10,34,841	2,03,21,682	1,02,61,067	32,13,012.00	8,32,369	1,26,41,710	76,79,972	40,43,587
(B) Intangible assets										
Computer software	1,87,83,045	56,95,639	-	2,44,78,684	56,26,228	74,62,859	-	1,30,89,087	1,13,89,597	1,31,56,817
Investment Management Rights	4,75,00,000	-	-	4,75,00,000	3,30,54,795	1,44,45,205	-	4,75,00,000	-	1,44,45,205
Total : B	6,62,83,045	56,95,639	-	7,19,78,684	3,86,81,023	2,19,08,064	-	6,05,89,087	1,13,89,597	2,76,02,022

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

#### 14 Property, plant and equipment and other intangibles

	Gross block				Depreciation and ammortization				Net block	
Description of assets	As at 1 April 2019	Additions during the year	Deductions during the year	As at 31 March 2020	As at 1 April 2019	Additions during the year	Deductions during the year	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2020	As at 31 March 2019
(A) Property,plant and equipment										
Furniture & Fixtures	-	1,09,000	-	1,09,000	-	6,161	-	6,161	1,02,839	-
Office equipment	21,33,623	5,00,792	59,723	25,74,692	14,27,721	5,19,576	55,333	18,91,964	6,82,728	7,05,902
Motor vehicle	81,84,652	-	41,27,513	40,57,139	40,97,590	11,28,450	25,31,565	26,94,475	13,62,664	40,87,062
Computers	85,14,201	5,75,526	15,25,904	75,63,823	42,79,806	25,33,508	11,44,847	56,68,467	18,95,356	42,34,395
Total : A	1,88,32,476	11,85,318	57,13,140	1,43,04,654	98,05,117	41,87,695	37,31,745	1,02,61,067	40,43,587	90,27,359
(B) Intangible assets										
Computer software	25,77,230	1,62,05,815	-	1,87,83,045	19,26,099	37,00,129	-	56,26,228	1,31,56,817	6,51,131
Investment Management Rights	4,75,00,000	-	-	4,75,00,000	93,04,795	2,37,50,000	-	3,30,54,795	1,44,45,205	3,81,95,204
Total : B	5,00,77,230	1,62,05,815	-	6,62,83,045	1,12,30,894	2,74,50,129	-	3,86,81,023	2,76,02,022	3,88,46,335

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Curi	rency : Indian rupees)	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
15	Other non-financial assets		
	Prepaid expenses Vendor Advances Advances to employees Advances recoverable in cash or in kind or for value to be received	41,15,05,362 1,16,13,081 16,07,694 - 42,47,26,137	43,01,83,278 51,21,203 32,67,938 69,404 43,86,41,823
16	Borrowings (other than debt securities)		,,.
	Unsecured at ammortised cost, within India		
	Loan from fellow subsidiary (Variable interest rate loan, at prevailing market rate ranging from 11.40% to 12.34 % (previous year: 11.60% to 11.75 %) repayable on demand)	57,04,153	1,12,55,87,799
		57,04,153	1,12,55,87,799
17	Other financial liabilities		
	Accrued salaries and benefits Lease liability Interest accrued & not due on compulsory convertible debentures Other liability	12,21,11,251 32,18,318 5,01,781 2,20,94,928	4,14,015 - - 2,41,81,843
		14,79,26,278	2,45,95,858
18	Provisions		
	Provision for employee benefits Gratuity Compensated leave absences	1,06,76,000 54,28,873	44,20,000 67,21,000
		1,61,04,873	1,11,41,000
19	Other non-financial liabilities		
	Income received in advance Withholding taxes, Goods & service tax and other taxes payable Others	1,19,05,736 4,14,64,092 26,21,288	1,37,00,591 5,99,47,913 1,39,49,976
		5,59,91,116	8,75,98,480

#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees)

	Equity share capital	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
a.	<b>Authorised :</b> 2,30,00,000 (Previous year: 30,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each	23,00,00,000	3,00,00,000
b.	<b>Issued, subscribed and paid up:</b> 1,23,74,737 (Previous year: 23,74,737) equity shares of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid-up	12,37,47,370	2,37,47,370
		12,37,47,370	2,37,47,370

## c. The movement in share capital during the year :

	As at		As at		
	March 31, 2021 Ma		March 31,	March 31, 2020	
Equity shares	No of shares	Amount	No of shares	Amount	
Number of shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	23,74,737	2,37,47,370	23,74,737	2,37,47,370	
Shares issued during the year	1,00,00,000	10,00,00,000	-	-	
Number of shares at the end of the year	1,23,74,737	12,37,47,370	23,74,737	2,37,47,370	

#### d. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company:

	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	No of shares	Percntage of share holding	No of shares	Percntage of share holding
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited and its nominees. Edelweiss Securities Limited and its nominees. Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	- 10,44,884 1,12,11,116	- 8.44% 90.60%	22,56,000 - -	95% - -
	1,22,56,000	99.04%	22,56,000	95%

#### e. Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of shares, referred to as equity shares, having a par value of Rs 10. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share held. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

20.2	Instruments entirely equity in nature			As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020
а	11,00,00,000 (31 March 2020: NIL) compulsory convertible debentures of Rs 10 each fully paid			1,10,00,00,000	-
				1,10,00,00,000	-
b	The movement in instruments during the year :				
		As	at	As	at
		March 3	31, 2021	March 3	31, 2020
	9 % compulsory convertible debentures (CCDs)	No of CCDs	Amount	No of CCDs	Amount
	Outstanding at the beginning of the year	-	-	-	-
	Issued during the year	11,00,00,000	1,10,00,00,000	-	-
	Outstanding at the end of the year	11,00,00,000	1,10,00,00,000	-	-
С	Details of holders holding more than 5%				
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,50,00,000	25,00,00,000	-	-
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	8,50,00,000	85,00,00,000	-	-

11,00,00,000

1,10,00,00,000

Terms/rights attached to Instruments entirely equity in nature
The interest rate is 9 % per annum and CCDs will be converted into equity shares at the end of the term.

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Curr	ency : Indian rupees)	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
21	Interest Income	War G1 31, 2021	War Ci 1 31, 2020
	On Financial assets measured at ammortised cost Interest income on loan to Holding Company Interest Income - on loan given to employees Interest income on debt instrument (for non-finance company)	1,73,699 4,17,312 1,49,53,671	- 1,84,675 -
	- -	1,55,44,682	1,84,675
22	Revenue from contract with customers		
	Advisory and other fees	1,41,84,37,074	1,30,77,25,850
	_	1,41,84,37,074	1,30,77,25,850
	Disaggregation of the revenue from contracts with customers and its reconcand loss:  Service transferred at a point in time Service transferred over time  Total revenue from contract with customers	iliation to amounts reported - 1,41,84,37,074 1,41,84,37,074	1,30,77,25,850 1,30,77,25,850
23	Net gain on fair value changes		
	Fair value gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss (unrealised) Profit on sale of investments Income distribution from fund	(3,05,802) 7,40,330 42,05,104 46,39,632	(12,03,469) - 32,44,868 20,41,399
24	Other income		
	Profit on sale of fixed assets (net) Foreign exchange gain (net) Miscellaneous income and other reimbursements Interest on Income Tax Refund	4,966 - 8,043 59,03,325 59,16,334	17,40,439 37,53,127 5,90,72,366 - 6,45,65,932

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

Salaries, wages and Bonus

Staff welfare expenses

Contribution to provident and other funds

Expense on Employee Stock Appreciation Rights

Expense on Employee Stock Option Scheme (refer note 45)

(Currency : Indian rupees)	For the year ended	For the year ended
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020
25 Finance costs		
On financial liabilities measured at ammortised cost		
Interest on loan from fellow subsidiaries	5,43,63,258	11,46,52,807
Interest on Inter-corporate deposits	5,82,65,321	1,08,40,164
Interest on compusorily convertible debentures	5,42,466	-
Interest on Lease Liability	2,25,086	-
Other interest expense measured at ammortised cost		
Interest - others	8,349	1,379
Financial and bank charges	76,155	76,562
	11,34,80,635	12,55,70,912
26 Impairment on financial Instruments		
ECL provision on loans advanced to holding company	45,022	-
	45,022	-
27 Employee benefit expenses		

61,47,37,851

3,05,79,538

90,66,030

52,30,446

1,23,72,390

67,19,86,255

49,86,32,963

3,04,81,195

1,35,87,433

54,59,934

90,32,216

55,71,93,741

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

rency : mulairrupees)	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
8 Other expenses		
Advertisement and business promotion	5,20,907	22,10,026
Auditors' remuneration (refer note below)	6,50,000	4,00,000
Communication	42,68,208	41,66,654
Computer expenses	20,26,303	20,58,826
Computer software	41,16,346	30,62,549
Clearing & custodian charges	7,051	-
Donation	60,000	-
Electricity charges	60,000	-
Foreign exchange loss	26,22,244	-
Insurance	2,76,356	40,114
Legal and professional fees	10,89,33,116	6,45,42,002
Membership and subscription	49,18,116	55,37,246
Office expenses	2,63,78,840	5,79,61,040
Postage and courier	20,378	3,100
Printing and stationery	5,65,563	9,44,536
Rates and taxes	34,250	19,733
Rating Support Fees	9,52,381	-
Rent	5,98,67,896	5,71,76,588
Repairs and maintenance	2,24,120	2,06,528
ROC expenses	19,57,500	2,07,172
Seminar and conference	1,96,000	4,47,270
Goods & Service tax expenses	(1,37,655)	11,87,218
Directors' Sitting Fees	4,00,000	-
Stamp paper charges	96,524	77,274
Stock exchange expenses	2,51,230	6,75,140
Travelling and conveyance	1,13,16,600	3,37,88,127
Transportation Charges	6,000	4,100
Miscellaneous expenses	76,652	53,132
Site related expenses	-	40,653
Usage of Assets	7,36,333	2,63,336
Outside Services Cost	9,40,878	3,14,418
Selling and Distribution expesnes	25,30,46,614	24,72,83,857
	48,53,88,751	48,26,70,639
Note:		
Auditors' remuneration:		
As auditor	5,00,000	4,00,000
For others	1,50,000	-
	6,50,000	4,00,000

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 29 Deferred Tax assets

The components of income tax expense for the years ended 31 March 2021 and 2020 are:

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Current tax		
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of	-	(1,88,111)
prior years		
Mat credit entitlement	-	8,67,013
Deferred tax relating to origination and reversal	(54,28,393)	(12,20,800)
of temporary differences		
Total tax charge	(54,28,393)	(5,41,898)
Current tax	-	(1,88,111)
Deferred tax	(54,28,393)	(3,53,787)

## 29.2 Reconciliation of total tax charge

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Accounting profit before tax as per financial statements	14,85,15,983	17,74,44,740
Tax rate (in percentage)	25.17%	25.17%
Income tax expense calculated based on this tax		
rate	3,73,81,473	4,46,62,841
Adjustment in respect of current income tax of	-	(1,88,111)
prior years		
Others	(5,45,079)	(9,51,889)
Impact of tax rate changes (between two	-	(1,40,404)
accounting periods)		
Write-down of available tax credits which are not	-	8,67,013
considered recoverable (for example, Minimum		
Alternate Tax credit)		
Effect of utilisation of tax losses on which	(4,22,64,787)	(4,47,91,348)
deferred tax asset earlier not recognised		
Tax charge for the year recorded in P&L	(54,28,393)	(5,41,898)

Break-up of income tax recorded in OCI	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20
Deferred tax		
Employee benefit obligations	16,96,500	-
Total	16,96,500	-

## Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 29 Deferred Tax assets (continued)

## 29.3 Details of temporary differences where deferred tax assets have not been recognised in the balance sheet

As at 31 March 2021	Unused tax losses				
Financial Year to which the loss relates to*	Unused businsess losses** Unabsorbed depreciation** To		Total		
	Amount	Expiry year -	Amount	Expiry year -	Amount
		financial year		financial year	
A.Y 2017-2018	22,64,48,940	2024-2025	8,46,312	N.A	22,72,95,252
A.Y 2018-2019	28,36,19,437	2025-2026	39,35,606	N.A	28,75,55,043
A.Y 2019-2020	17,98,38,696	2026-2027	1,09,08,739	N.A	19,07,47,435
Total	68,99,07,073		1,56,90,657		70,55,97,730

As at 31 March 2020	Unused tax losses				
Financial Year to which the loss relates to*	Unused businsess losses**		Unabsorbed depreciation**		Total
	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount	Expiry year - financial year	Amount
A.Y 2015-2016	-	2022-2023	17,88,286	N.A	17,88,286
A.Y 2016-2017	10,64,25,515	2023-2024	42,82,659	N.A	11,07,08,174
A.Y 2017-2018	28,12,00,570	2024-2025	39,13,368	N.A	28,51,13,938
A.Y 2018-2019	28,36,19,437	2025-2026	39,35,606	N.A	28,75,55,043
A.Y 2019-2020	19,07,47,435	2026-2027	1,09,08,739	N.A	20,16,56,174
Total	86,19,92,957		2,48,28,658		88,68,21,615

#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

## 29.4 The following table shows deferred tax recorded in the balance sheet and changes recorded in the Income tax expense:

	Movement for the period (2020-21)			
	Opening deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS	Recognised in profit or loss	, and the second	Closing deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS
Deferred taxes in relation to:				
Property, Plant and Equipment including intangibles	51,52,900	18,52,200	-	70,05,100
Employee benefits obligations	4,65,400	46,42,400	(16,96,500)	34,11,300
ROU Assets less lease liabilities (net)	-	23,541	-	23,541
Fair valuation of investments	-	(11,01,048)	-	(11,01,048)
Provision for expected credit losses		11,300	-	11,300
Total	56,18,300	54,28,393	(16,96,500)	93,50,193

Movement for the period (2019-20)				
	Opening deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS	Recognised in profit or loss	, and the second	Closing deferred tax asset / (liability) as per Ind AS
Deferred taxes in relation to:				
Property, Plant and Equipment	17,11,300	34,41,600	-	51,52,900
Employee benefits obligations	26,86,200	(22,20,800)	-	4,65,400
Unused tax credits (Minimum Alternate Tax credit)	8,67,013	(8,67,013)	=	-
Total	52,64,513	3,53,787	-	56,18,300

30 Earnings per share

	For the year ended March 31, 2021	For the year ended March 31, 2020
a) Net amount attributable to the equity shareholders (as per statement of profit and loss)	15,39,44,376	17,79,86,638
Add: Interest expense on potentail equity shares b) Adjusted net profit for current year	5,42,466 15,44,86,842	-
c) Calculation of weighted average number of equity Shares of Rs 10 each:  Number of shares at the beginning of the year  Shares issued during the year	23,74,737 1,00,00,000	
Total number of equity shares outstanding at the end of the year	1,23,74,737	23,74,737
Weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year (based on the date of issue of shares)	25,93,915	23,74,737
(d) Number of dilutive potential equity shares	6,02,740	-
Basic earnings per share (in rupees) (a/(c+d))	48.16	74.95
Diluted earnings per share (in rupees) (b/(c+d))	48.33	74.95

(Currency: Indian rupees)

#### 31 Segment reporting.

Company has three operating segments. Capital based business, Agency business and treasury business Capital based business comprises of Income from investments.

Agency business generates Fee income.

Treasury business comprises of income earned from treasury operations and interest income on temporary investments. Income for each segment has been specifically identified. Expenditure, assets and liabilities are either specifically identified with individual segments or have been allocated to segments on a systematic basis.

Based on such allocations, segment disclosures relating to revenue, results, assets and liabilities have been prepared.

Since the business operations of the Company are primarily concentrated in India, the Company is considered to operate only in the domestic segment.

The following table gives information as required under the AS- 108 - Operating Segment Reporting:

The	The following table gives information as required under the AS- 108 - Operating Segment Reporting:				
		For the year ended	For the year ended 31		
	Segment Results	31 March 2021	March 2020		
ı	Segment revenue				
	a) Capital based business	1,83,44,241	20,41,399		
	b) Agency business	1,42,47,70,720	1,37,24,76,457		
	c) Treasury	14,22,761	-		
	d) Unallocated	-	-		
	Total	1,44,45,37,722	1,37,45,17,856		
	Less : Inter segment revenue				
	Total Income	1,44,45,37,722	1,37,45,17,856		
Ш	Segment results				
	a) Capital based business	1,83,44,241	20,41,399		
	b) Agency business	12,87,94,003	17,54,03,341		
	c) Treasury	13,77,739	-		
	d) Unallocated	-	-		
	Total	14,85,15,983	17,74,44,740		
	Profit before taxation	14,85,15,983	17,74,44,740		
	Less : Provision for taxation	(54,28,393)			
	Profit after taxation	15,39,44,376	17,79,86,638		
Ш	Segment assets		, ,,,,,,,,,		
	a) Capital based business	2,07,17,434	2,35,15,151		
	b) Agency business	81,08,76,046	94,15,56,583		
	c) Treasury	42,53,01,683	-		
	d) Unallocated	93,50,193	_		
	Total	1,26,62,45,356	96,50,71,734		
IV	Segment liabilities	.,, .,,,,,,,	, 0,00, 1,70		
'	a) Capital based business	_	_		
	b) Agency business	25,46,83,837	1,31,24,98,091		
	c) Treasury	20,40,00,007	1,31,24,70,071		
	d) Unallocated	_	_		
	Total	25,46,83,837	1,31,24,98,091		
l <sub>v</sub>	Capital expenditure (Including capital work-in-progress)	20,40,00,007	1,31,24,70,071		
ľ	a) Capital based business	_	_		
	b) Agency business	1,01,92,485	1,73,91,133		
	c) Treasury	1,01,72,403	1,73,71,133		
	d) Unallocated	_	_		
	Total	1,01,92,485	1,73,91,133		
VI	Depreciation and amortisation	1,01,72,403	1,73,71,133		
' '	a) Capital based business	_			
	b) Agency business	2,51,21,076	3,16,37,824		
	c) Treasury	2,31,21,070	3,10,37,024		
	d) Unallocated	_	_		
	Total	2,51,21,076	3,16,37,824		
	Significant non-cash expenses other than depreciation and	2,31,21,070	3,10,37,024		
,,,	amortisation				
١٧١١					
	a) Capital based business	(12.02.127)	1 20 000		
	b) Agency business	(12,92,127)	1,39,000		
	c) Unallocated	(40.00.60=)	4 00 000		
	Total	(12,92,127)	1,39,000		

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

- 32. Retirement Benefit Plan
- A) Defined contribution plan (Provident fund and National Pension Scheme):

Amount of 20,328,365 (Previous year: 21,581,539) is recognised as expenses and included in "Employee benefit expense" – Note 27 in the statement of Profit and loss.

B) Defined benefit plan (Gratuity):

The following tables summarize the components of the net benefit expenses recognised in the statement of profit and loss and the funded status and amount recognised in the balance sheet for the gratuity benefit plan.

#### a) Present value of defined benefit obligation

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March	31 March 2020
	2021	
Present value of DBO at the beginning of the year	38,844,000	32,870,000
Current service cost		
(a) Current service cost	7,578,000	6,159,000
(b) Past Service Cost		2,093,000
(c) Loss/ (Gain) from Settlement	-	-
Interest cost	2,722,000	2,554,000
Benefits paid	(2,570,000)	(5,812,000)
Re-measurements		
a. Actuarial Loss/ (Gain) from changes in demographic	(2,968,000)	-
assumptions		
b. Actuarial Loss/ (Gain) from changes in financial assumptions	3,081,000	2,579,000
c. Actuarial Loss/ (Gain) from experience over the past year	(962,000)	(5,215,000)
Transfer (out)/in	7,291,000	3,616,000
Effect of Acquisition/(divestiture)	-	-
Present value of DBO at the end of the year	5,3016,000	38,844,000

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

B) Defined benefit plan (Gratuity): (continued)

# b) Reconciliation of fair value of plan assets

Particulars	As at	As at
	31 March	31 March 2020
	2021	
Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	34,424,000	30,160,000
Contributions by Employer	2,570,000	10,025,000
Benefits paid	(2,570,000)	(5,812,000)
Interest income on plan asset	2,025,000	1,908,000
Re-measurements		
Return on plan assets excluding amount included in interest on	5,891,000	(1,857,000)
the net defined benefit liability/(asset)		
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	42,340,000	34,424,000
Actual Return on Plan Assets	7,916,000	51,000

# Statement of profit and loss

# c) Expenses recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss:

	For the year	For the year
	ended	ended
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Current service cost	7,578,000	6,159,000
Net Interest on net defined benefit liability/(asset)	697,000	646,000
Past service cost		2,093,000
Total included in 'Employee benefits expense'	8,275,000	8,898,000

# d) Net asset / (liability) recognised in the balance sheet

	As at	
	31 March	As at
	2021	31 March 2020
Present value of defined benefit obligation	53,016,000	38,844,000
Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	42,340,000	34,424,000
Amount recognized in Balance sheet (assets)/liabilities	(10,676,000)	(4,420,000)
Experience Adjustment on Plan Liabilities (gain)/loss	(962,000)	(5,215,000)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees)

B) Defined benefit plan (Gratuity): (continued)

# e) Principle actuarial assumptions at the balance sheet date:

	As at	As at
	31 March 2021	31 March 2020
Discount rate current	5%	5.90%
Salary escalation rate	7.00%	7.00%
Employees attrition rate	25%	13%-25%
Interest Rate on Net DBO/ (Asset) (% p.a.)	5.9% p.a.	7%
Expected weighted average remaining work life	3 years	5 years
(years)		
	IALM 2012-14	IALM 2012-14
Mortality	(Ultimate)	(Ultimate)

# f) Movement in other comprehensive income

Particulars		
	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
Balance at start of year (Loss)/Gain	785,000	6,000
Re- measurements on DBO		
a) Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in demographic		
assumptions	2,968,000	-
b) Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from changes in financial		
assumptions	(3,081,000)	(2,579,000)
c) Actuarial (Loss)/ Gain from experience over the past		
year	962,000	5,215,000
Re- measurements on Plan assets		
Return on plan assets excluding amount included in net		
interest on the net defined benefit liability/ (asset)	5,891,000	(1,857,000)
Balance at end of year (Loss)/Gain	7,525,000	785,000

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 33 Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities

The table below shows an analysis of assets, analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

	31-Mar-21				31-Mar-20	
Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Financial assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	15,10,34,340	-	15,10,34,340	90,83,134	-	90,83,134
Trade receivables	6,07,49,977	-	6,07,49,977	28,11,86,096	-	28,11,86,096
Loans	25,01,15,649	26,06,857	25,27,22,506	-	9,13,879	9,13,879
Investments	17,51,86,034	2,07,17,434	19,59,03,468	-	2,35,15,151	2,35,15,151
Other financial assets	3,74,41,281	11,29,752	3,85,71,033	4,62,49,819	-	4,62,49,819
Non-financial assets						
Current tax assets (net)	6,76,50,568	4,51,47,565	11,27,98,133	5,66,11,395	7,16,06,528	12,82,17,923
Deferred tax assets (net)	-	93,50,193	93,50,193	-	56,18,300	56,18,300
Property, plant and equipment	-	76,79,972	76,79,972	-	40,43,587	40,43,587
Intangible assets under						
development	13,20,000	-	13,20,000	-	-	-
Other intangible assets	-	1,13,89,597	1,13,89,597	-	2,76,02,022	2,76,02,022
Other non-financial assets	7,43,28,796	35,03,97,341	42,47,26,137	6,17,81,400	37,68,60,423	43,86,41,823
Total assets (A)	81,78,26,645	44,84,18,711	1,26,62,45,356	45,49,11,844	51,01,59,890	96,50,71,734

# Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 33 Maturity analysis of assets and liabilities (Continued)

The table below shows an analysis of liabilities, analysed according to when they are expected to be recovered or settled.

		31 March 2021			31-Mar-20	
Particulars	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total	Within 12 months	After 12 months	Total
Financial liabilities						
Derivative financial						
instruments			-			-
Trade payable	2,89,57,417	-	2,89,57,417	6,35,74,954	-	6,35,74,954
Borrowing (other than debt						
securities)	57,04,153	-	57,04,153	1,12,55,87,799	-	1,12,55,87,799
Other financial liabilities	14,58,28,529	20,97,749	14,79,26,278	2,45,95,858	-	2,45,95,858
Non-financial liabilities						
Provisions	13,29,000	1,47,75,873	1,61,04,873	10,37,000	1,01,04,000	1,11,41,000
Other non-financial liabilities	4,48,28,458	1,11,62,658	5,59,91,116	7,49,85,662	1,26,12,818	8,75,98,480
Total liabilities (B)	22,66,47,557	2,80,36,280	25,46,83,837	1,28,97,81,273	2,27,16,818	1,31,24,98,091
Net (A-B)	59,11,79,088	42,03,82,431	1,01,15,61,519	(83,48,69,429)	48,74,43,072	(34,74,26,357)

#### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

#### 34 Change in liabilities arising from financing activities

Particulars	1-Apr-20	Cash flows	Changes in fair values	Exchange differences	Others*	31-Mar-21
Borrowings other than debt securities	1,12,55,87,799	(1,17,42,46,904)	=	-	5,43,63,258	57,04,153
Deposits	-	(5,82,65,321)			5,82,65,321	-
Total liabilities from financing						
activities	1,12,55,87,799	(1,23,25,12,225)	-	-	11,26,28,579	57,04,153

Particulars	1-Apr-19	Cash flows	Changes in fair values	Exchange differences	Others*	31-Mar-20
Borrowings other than debt securities	1,34,97,09,020	(34,96,15,571)	-	-	12,54,94,350	1,12,55,87,799
Deposits		(1,08,40,164)			1,08,40,164	=
Total liabilities from financing						
activities	1,34,97,09,020	(36,04,55,735)	-	-	13,63,34,514	1,12,55,87,799

 $<sup>\</sup>ensuremath{^{\star}}$  Represents Interest expense for the year.

#### 35 Contingent liabilities, commitments and lease arrangements

#### 35.2 Legal claims

There are no legal claims outstanding against the Company as at 31 March 2021 (previous year Nil)

#### 35.3 Contingent liabilities and assets

The company does'nt have contingent liabilities as at 31 March 2021.(previous year: Nil)

#### 35.4 Capital commitments

#### A. Uncalled liabilities

Uncalled liability as at 31 March 2021 is 45,372,500 March 2021. (previous year Nil)

#### B. Estimated amounts of contracts

Estimated amounts of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for 880,000 (Previous year Nil)

### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

# 35.5 Operating lease commitments

The company has taken 3 premises on lease during the current year

i) Right of use asset

Opening As at 1st April 2020	-
Addition	38,75,023
Depreciation expense	7,50,233
Closing as at 31 March 2021	31,24,790

ii) Lease Liability

Opening As at 1st April 2020	-
Addition	38,75,023
Accretion of interest	2,25,086
Payment	8,81,790
Closing	32,18,319

iii)	Particulars	
	Depreciation and ammortisation expense	7,50,233
	Finance cost on lease liability	2,25,086
	Expense relating to short term lease (included in other expenses)	2,23,258
	Total amount recognised in profit and loss	11,98,577

iv) Short term lease payments under opertaing lease for the year ended 31 March 2021 is as below.

Particulars	Amount
Within one year	18,60,482

### v) Other disclosure

Particulars	% / Years/Amount
Incremental borrowing rate of company (in %)	11.75
The leases have an average life of between (in years)	3
The total lease payament for the year (in amt)	11,05,048

### Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

### 36 Disclosure as required by Ind AS 24- "Related Party Disclosure":

### A Name of related party by whom control is exercised:

Edelweiss Financial Services Limited -Ultimate Holding company Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited- Holding company

#### B Fellow subsidiaries with whom transactions have taken place:

Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited

Edelweiss Asset Management limited

**ECL Finance Limited** 

**Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited** 

**Edelcap Securities Limited** 

**Edelweiss Finvest Limited** 

**ECap Equities Limited** 

**Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited** 

**Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited** 

**EdelGive Foundation** 

**Edelweiss Value Growth Fund** 

Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund

Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP

### C. Associate companies with whom transactions have taken place:

Edelweiss Finance & Investments Limited

**Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited** 

Edelweiss Broking Limited

Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited

**ESL Securities Limited** 

**Edelweiss Securities Limited** 

#### D. Key Management Personnel

Hemant Daga (Executive Director)

Suresh Chandra Soni (Managing Director & Chief Executing Officer)

Hemal Mehta (Chief Financial Officer)

Deepak Mukhija (Company Secretary)

# (Currency: Indian rupees) 36 Disclosure as required by Ind AS 24– "Related Party Disclosure":

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
	Capital account transactions Equity shares issued	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	10,00,00,000	-
	9 % Compulsory Convertible Debentures Issued	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	25,00,00,000 85,00,00,000	-
(I)	Current account transactions during the year			
	Short term loans taken from (refer note 1)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited Edelweiss Finvest Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,01,69,61,663 - 50,00,00,000 45,00,00,000	52,05,21,200 3,01,21,200 - -
	Short term deposits taken from	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited	95,43,00,000	50,00,00,000
	Repayment of short term loans to (refer note 1)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited Edelweiss Finvest Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,01,69,61,663 - 40,00,00,000 45,00,00,000	51,93,00,000 1,67,00,000 - -
	Short term loans taken from (refer note 2)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited Edelweiss Finvest Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,74,02,67,499 50,00,00,000 49,29,50,600	2,37,92,00,984 5,02,21,200
	Repayment of short term loans to (refer note 2)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited Edelweiss Finvest Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2,86,01,91,694 50,00,00,000 49,29,50,600	2,59,79,31,173 5,02,21,200 - -
	Loan given (refer note 1)	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	25,00,00,000	-
	Loan given (refer note 2)	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	25,00,00,000	-
	Short term deposits repayed to	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited	95,43,00,000	50,00,00,000
	Interest expense on loans taken from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Finvest Limited	4,61,96,760 - 13,37,238 68,29,260	11,43,29,798 3,23,009 - -
	Interest expense on deposits taken from	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited	5,82,65,321	1,08,40,164 -
	Interest expense on CCD	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,23,288 4,19,178	- -
	Interest income on loan given	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,73,699	-
	Sale of NCD	ECL Finance Limited	17,84,33,000	-

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

(Currency: Indian rupees)
36 Disclosure as required by Ind AS 24– "Related Party Disclosure":

Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended March 2020
Purchase of Fixed Assets	Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited	-	41,
	Edelweiss Broking Limited	-	93,
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	47,
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	857	21,
	EdelGive Foundation	_	28,
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	2,345	1,06,
	Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited	2,010	15,
		2 027	
	ECL Finance Limited	2,837	30,
	ECap Equities Limited	6,633	
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	4,656	
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	144	
	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	18,241	
	Edelweiss Securities Limited	1,55,579	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	1,43,
	ECL Finance Limited	_	13
	Edelweiss Broking Limited	36,396	71
	1	30,370	, · ·
	Edelcap Securities Ltd	-	,,
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	-	62
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	14
	Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited	=	41
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	-	1
	Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited	-	33
	Edelweiss Securities Limited	1,07,859	18
	ESL Securities Limited	33,982	
	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	6,440	
	1	· ·	
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	5,105	
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited	475	
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	17,182	
Fund raising Distributor's expenses	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	35,65,818	1,41,85
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited (As appearing		
	under prepaid expenses)	2,56,20,724	2,91,86
	Edelweiss Broking Limited	23,60,14,152	21,54,00
	-	20,00,11,102	21,01,00
	Edelweiss Broking Limited (As appearing under prepaid expenses)	31,69,43,241	32,44,31
Reimbursements paid to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	3,35,111	3
Trembarsements para to	Euclivers Natal & Corporate Services Ellinica	3,33,111	
Reimbursements received from	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited	4,13,35,100	1,91,07
	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	7,49,448	10,18
	ECL Finance Limited	33,44,115	39,68
	Edelcap Securities Ltd	60,466	70
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	21,66,330	9,45
	Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited	8,06,372	8,23
	ECap Equities Limited		14,23
	Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited	6,39,942	14,23
		2,27,071	
	Edelweiss Value Growth Fund	-	7,50
Advisory fee expense	ECL Finance Limited	9,85,27,133	5,83,33
Departies sold to	EdelGive Foundation	60,000	
Donation paid to	1	1	
Insurance expenses	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited	26,60,372	
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	26,60,372 52,09,485	1,41,43

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

(Currency: Indian rupees)
36 Disclosure as required by Ind AS 24– "Related Party Disclosure":

	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
	Cost reimbursements paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	32,54,584	51,73,688
	Cost reimbar sements para to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	4,50,72,982	4,14,73,697
		ECap Equities Limited	23,55,778	26,06,133
		Edelweiss Securities Limited	12,05,374	13,84,126
		Edel Land Limited - Fountain Head	-	2,10,468
		Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	(19,032)	11,177
		Edelweiss Broking Limited	-	1,63,022
		ECL Finance Limited	39,03,708	39,94,062
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	11,47,319	36,87,665
		Edelweiss Finance and Investments Limited	(15,314)	-
	Fee income earned from	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited	19,75,14,461	21,37,25,285
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	1,57,00,761	3,86,69,377
		ECL Finance Limited	12,78,73,370	13,62,69,347
		I		
		Edelcap Securities Ltd	16,87,517	17,81,811
		ECap Equities Limited	81,70,101	16,72,67,394
		Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited	3,18,19,827	11,55,36,823
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	-	(20,59,600)
		Edelweiss Value Growth Fund	22,05,358	22,08,721
		Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited	92,81,398	
		Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund	6,41,829	6,41,357
	Delay bear and the constant of fine			0.00.40.050
	Reimbursement income earned from	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited	-	3,98,18,250
		Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	1,904	-
		Edelweiss Finance and Investments Limited	1,532	-
		Edelweiss Securities Limited	4,595	-
	Remuneration paid to (refer note 2)	Key Management personnel	3,45,06,849	-
(11)	Balances with related parties			
	Short-term borrowings	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	11,93,467	1,12,11,17,662
	Trade payable to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2.97.836	19,71,433
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	2,767	4,16,020
		Edelweiss Securities Limited	1,92,680	9,279
		I		81,02,913
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	45,42,812	81,02,913
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	5,121	-
		Edelweiss Broking Limited	1,13,40,180	-
		Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited	11,76,773	-
		ECL Finance Limited	-	3,69,76,022
		Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	-	12,98,000
	Nomination deposit payable to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	1,00,000
	Interest accrued and due on			
	borrowings from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	(4,71,834)	44,70,137
		Edelweiss Finvest Limited	39,28,780	
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	10,53,740	-
	Loans given	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	24,99,54,978	-
	Interest accrued on loans given	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,60,671	_

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

(Currency: Indian rupees)

36 Disclosure as required by Ind AS 24- "Related Party Disclosure":

Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended March 2020
Compulsory convertible debentures  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelveiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelveiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelveiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelveiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelveiss Securities Limited Edelveiss Broking Limited Edelveiss Broking Limited Edelveiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelveiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelveiss Custodial Services Limited Edelveiss Custodial Services Limited Edelveiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited Edelveiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelveiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelveiss Finance Ltd Edelveiss Finance Ltd Edelveiss Finance Ltd Edelveiss Finance Ltd Edelveiss Private Tech Equity Fund Edelveiss Investment Advisors Limited Edelveiss Broking Ltd Edelveis Broking Edelveis Broking Edelveis Broking Edelveis Broking Edelveis Brok	Other financial liabilities			
Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Cother payables  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Broking Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited Edelweiss Finense Private Edelweis Finense Private Edelweis Finense Private Edelweis Finense Private Edelweis Edelweis Rural Edelweis Edelwei	nterest accrued & not due on			
Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited  Other payables  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Solobal Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Sciobal Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Broking Limited Edelweiss Broking Limited Edelweiss Broking Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Financial Edelweiss Financial Edelweiss Financial Edelweiss Financial Edelweis Ede	compulsory convertible debentures	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1.14.041	
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Edelweiss Limited Edelweiss Broking Limited Edelweiss Broking Limited Edelweiss Broking Limited Edelweiss Broking Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited Ecap Equities Limited Ecap Equities Limited Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited Edelweiss Value Growth Fund Edelweiss Value Growth Fund Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited Edelweiss Broking Ltd Edelweiss Broking Ltd Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Rural & Edelweis Rural & Edelweis R	, ,			
Edelweiss Asset Management Limited   Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited   2,61,000   Edelweiss Securities Ltd   1,43,000   Edelweiss Broking Limited   1,000   Edelweiss Broking Limited   1,000   Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited   1,26,000   Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited   63,000   Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited   63,000   Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited   4,07,127   1   Edelcap Securities Ltd   1,57,323   Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited   15,88,561   Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited   17,94,973   1   Edelweiss Finance Ltd   1,00,22,025   Edelweiss Value Growth Fund   19,54,285   Edelweiss Value Growth Fund   2,75,351   ESL Securities Limited   40,098   Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited   40,098   Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited   8,81,082   Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited   561   Edelweiss Broking Ltd   Edelweiss Broking Ltd   Edelweiss Broking Ltd   Edelweiss Broking Ltd   Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited   10,81,000   Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited   10,81,000   Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited   13,95,000   Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited   1,95,000   Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited   65,000   Edelweis Edelweis Edelweis Edelweis Edelweis Edelweis Edelweis Edelwe	Other payables	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,13,78,651	2,32,69
Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited   2,61,000		Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	1,36
Edelweiss Securities Limited   2,61,000   Edelcap Securities Ltd   1,43,000   Edelcap Securities Ltd   1,43,000   Edelweiss Broking Limited   1,000   Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited   1,26,000   Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited   63,000      Trade receivables		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	-	3,98
Edelcap Securities Ltd		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	4
Edelweiss Broking Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited Edelcap Securities Limited Edelcap Securities Litd Edeleap Securities Litd Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited Edelweiss Value Growth Fund ECL Finance Ltd Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund ESL Securities Limited Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Other financial assets Advances reccoverable from ECL Finance Ltd Edelweiss Broking Ltd Edelweiss Brivest Private Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Saset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweis Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweis Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweis Edelweis				1,53
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited   1,26,000		i ·	1,43,000	
Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited  Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited  Edela Fequities Limited  Edelap Securities Ltd  Edelap Securities Ltd  Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited  Edelweiss Firvest Private Limited  Edelweiss Firvest Private Limited  Edelweiss Firvest Private Limited  Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund  Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund  Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited  Edelweiss Broking Ltd  Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Edelweiss Firvest Private Limited  Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited  Edelweiss Firvest Private Limited  Edelweiss Firvest Private Limited  Edelweiss Securities Limited  Edelweiss Firvest Private Limited  Edelweiss Firvest			· ·	
Trade receivables  Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited Ecap Equities Limited Edelcap Securities Ltd Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited Edelweiss Value Growth Fund ECL Finance Ltd Edelweiss Value Growth Fund ESL Securities Limited Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund ESL Securities Limited Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited Edelweiss Broking Ltd Edelweiss Broking Ltd Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited  Other financial assets Advances reccoverable from  ECL Finance Ltd Edelweiss Broking Ltd Edelweiss Broking Ltd Edelweiss Broking Ltd Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Sese Management Limited Edelweiss Saset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Saset Management Limited Edelweiss Saset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Saset Reconstruction Company Limited				
Ecap Equities Limited 4,07,127 1 Edelcap Securities Ltd 1,57,323 1 Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited 15,88,561 1 Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited 17,94,973 1 ECL Finance Ltd 1,00,22,025 1 Edelweiss Value Growth Fund 19,54,285 1 Edelweiss Value Growth Fund 2,75,351 1 ESL Securities Limited 40,098 1 Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited 8,81,082 1 Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited 561 1 Edelweiss Broking Ltd 561 1 Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited 561 1 Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited 561 1 Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited 561 1 Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited 561 1 Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited 50,810,000 1 Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited 50,810,000 1 Edelweiss Securities Limited 50,800 1 Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 13,95,000 1 Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 1,95,000 1 Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited 65,000 1		Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	63,000	
Edelcap Securities Ltd	Frade receivables		4,18,61,550	2,28,74
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		Ecap Equities Limited	4,07,127	1,40,96
Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited 17,94,973 1 ECL Finance Ltd 1,00,22,025 Edelweiss Value Growth Fund 19,54,285 Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund 2,75,351 ESL Securities Limited 40,098 Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited 8,81,082 Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited 561 Edelweiss Broking Ltd 561 Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited 561 Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited 561 Edelweiss Broking Ltd 561 Edelweiss Broking Ltd 561 Edelweiss Broking Ltd 561 Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited 561 Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited 562 Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited 562 Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited 563 Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 564 Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 565,000 Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 565,000				1,61
ECL Finance Ltd		• •	15,88,561	10,97
Edelweiss Value Growth Fund   19,54,285     Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund   2,75,351     ESL Securities Limited   40,098     Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited   8,81,082     Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited   561     Edelweiss Broking Ltd   -     Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited   -     Other financial assets     Advances reccoverable from   ECL Finance Ltd   68,01,000     Edelweiss Broking Ltd   -     Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited   -     Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited   10,81,000     Edelweiss Securities Limited   2,21,000     Edelweiss Financial Services Limited   13,95,000     Edelweiss Asset Management Limited   1,95,000     Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited   65,000				1,86,95
Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund   2,75,351     ESL Securities Limited   40,098     Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited   8,81,082     Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited   561     Edelweiss Broking Ltd   -				
ESL Securities Limited   40,098				26,06
Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited   8,81,082				7,56
Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited   561     Edelweiss Broking Ltd   -     Cother financial assets     Advances reccoverable from   ECL Finance Ltd   68,01,000     Edelweiss Broking Ltd   -     Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited   -     Edelweiss Finvest Private Securities Limited   10,81,000     Edelweiss Financial Services Limited   2,21,000     Edelweiss Financial Services Limited   13,95,000     Edelweiss Asset Management Limited   1,95,000     Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited   65,000				
Edelweiss Broking Ltd				
Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited			561	
Other financial assets			-	1,76 13,69
Advances reccoverable from   ECL Finance Ltd   68,01,000     Edelweiss Broking Ltd   -     Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited   -     Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited   10,81,000     Edelweiss Securities Limited   2,21,000     Edelweiss Financial Services Limited   13,95,000     Edelweiss Asset Management Limited   1,95,000     Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited   65,000		Lucivenso Giobai vecatti ividilagement Limiteu		13,09
Edelweiss Broking Ltd Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Asset Management Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited		50.5	(0.51.55	,
Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited	Advances reccoverable from		68,01,000	17,55
Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited         10,81,000           Edelweiss Securities Limited         2,21,000           Edelweiss Financial Services Limited         13,95,000           Edelweiss Asset Management Limited         1,95,000           Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited         65,000		1	-	11,35
Edelweiss Securities Limited 2,21,000 Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 13,95,000 Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 1,95,000 Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited 65,000			10.01.000	12,97
Edelweiss Financial Services Limited 13,95,000 Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 1,95,000 Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited 65,000				7,68
Edelweiss Asset Management Limited 1,95,000 Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited 65,000				
Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited 65,000				
Edelweiss Finance and Investments Limited 4,35,000		j		

Note:

1) Loan taken from related parties are disclosed based on maximum of debit/credit during the reporting period.

2) Loan taken from related parties are disclosed based on total debit/credit taken during the reporting period.

3) Information relating to remuneration paid to key managerial person mentioned above excludes provision made for gratuity, leave encashment and retention incentive which are provided for group of employees on overall basis. These are included on cash basis. The variable compensation included herein is on cash basis.

# (Currency: Indian rupees) 36 Disclosure as required by Ind AS 24– "Related Party Disclosure":

Sr. No.	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
	Capital account transactions Equity shares issued	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	10,00,00,000	-
	9 % Compulsory Convertible Debentures Issued	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	25,00,00,000 85,00,00,000	-
(I)	Current account transactions during the year			
	Short term loans taken from (refer note 1)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited Edelweiss Finvest Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,01,69,61,663 - 50,00,00,000 45,00,00,000	52,05,21,200 3,01,21,200 - -
	Short term deposits taken from	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited	95,43,00,000	50,00,00,000
	Repayment of short term loans to (refer note 1)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited Edelweiss Finvest Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,01,69,61,663 - 40,00,00,000 45,00,00,000	51,93,00,000 1,67,00,000 - -
	Short term loans taken from (refer note 2)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited Edelweiss Finvest Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,74,02,67,499 50,00,00,000 49,29,50,600	2,37,92,00,984 5,02,21,200
	Repayment of short term loans to (refer note 2)	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited Edelweiss Finvest Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	2,86,01,91,694 50,00,00,000 49,29,50,600	2,59,79,31,173 5,02,21,200 - -
	Loan given (refer note 1)	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	25,00,00,000	-
	Loan given (refer note 2)	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	25,00,00,000	-
	Short term deposits repayed to	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited	95,43,00,000	50,00,00,000
	Interest expense on loans taken from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited ECap Equities Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited Edelweiss Finvest Limited	4,61,96,760 - 13,37,238 68,29,260	11,43,29,798 3,23,009 - -
	Interest expense on deposits taken from	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited Edelweiss Securities Limited	5,82,65,321	1,08,40,164 -
	Interest expense on CCD	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,23,288 4,19,178	- -
	Interest income on loan given	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,73,699	-
	Sale of NCD	ECL Finance Limited	17,84,33,000	-

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

(Currency: Indian rupees)
36 Disclosure as required by Ind AS 24– "Related Party Disclosure":

Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended March 2020
Purchase of Fixed Assets	Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited	-	41,
	Edelweiss Broking Limited	-	93,
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	47,
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	857	21,
	EdelGive Foundation	_	28,
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	2,345	1,06,
	Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited	2,010	15,
		2 027	
	ECL Finance Limited	2,837	30,
	ECap Equities Limited	6,633	
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	4,656	
	Edelweiss Investment Adviser Limited	144	
	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	18,241	
	Edelweiss Securities Limited	1,55,579	
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	1,43,
	ECL Finance Limited	_	13
	Edelweiss Broking Limited	36,396	71
	1	30,370	, · ·
	Edelcap Securities Ltd	-	,,
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	-	62
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	14
	Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited	=	41
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	-	1
	Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited	-	33
	Edelweiss Securities Limited	1,07,859	18
	ESL Securities Limited	33,982	
	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	6,440	
	1	· ·	
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	5,105	
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited	475	
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	17,182	
Fund raising Distributor's expenses	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	35,65,818	1,41,85
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited (As appearing		
	under prepaid expenses)	2,56,20,724	2,91,86
	Edelweiss Broking Limited	23,60,14,152	21,54,00
	-	20,00,11,102	21,01,00
	Edelweiss Broking Limited (As appearing under prepaid expenses)	31,69,43,241	32,44,31
Reimbursements paid to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	3,35,111	3
Trembarsements para to	Euclivers Natal & Corporate Services Ellinica	3,33,111	
Reimbursements received from	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited	4,13,35,100	1,91,07
	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	7,49,448	10,18
	ECL Finance Limited	33,44,115	39,68
	Edelcap Securities Ltd	60,466	70
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	21,66,330	9,45
	Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited	8,06,372	8,23
	ECap Equities Limited		14,23
	Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited	6,39,942	14,23
		2,27,071	
	Edelweiss Value Growth Fund	-	7,50
Advisory fee expense	ECL Finance Limited	9,85,27,133	5,83,33
Departies sold to	EdelGive Foundation	60,000	
Donation paid to	1	1	
Insurance expenses	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited	26,60,372	
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited  Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	26,60,372 52,09,485	1,41,43

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

(Currency: Indian rupees)
36 Disclosure as required by Ind AS 24– "Related Party Disclosure":

	Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 31 March 2020
	Cost reimbursements paid to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	32,54,584	51,73,688
	Cost reimbar sements para to	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	4,50,72,982	4,14,73,697
		ECap Equities Limited	23,55,778	26,06,133
		Edelweiss Securities Limited	12,05,374	13,84,126
		Edel Land Limited - Fountain Head	-	2,10,468
		Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	(19,032)	11,177
		Edelweiss Broking Limited	-	1,63,022
		ECL Finance Limited	39,03,708	39,94,062
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	11,47,319	36,87,665
		Edelweiss Finance and Investments Limited	(15,314)	-
	Fee income earned from	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited	19,75,14,461	21,37,25,285
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	1,57,00,761	3,86,69,377
		ECL Finance Limited	12,78,73,370	13,62,69,347
		I		
		Edelcap Securities Ltd	16,87,517	17,81,811
		ECap Equities Limited	81,70,101	16,72,67,394
		Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited	3,18,19,827	11,55,36,823
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	-	(20,59,600)
		Edelweiss Value Growth Fund	22,05,358	22,08,721
		Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited	92,81,398	
		Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund	6,41,829	6,41,357
	Delay bear and the constant of fine			0.00.40.050
	Reimbursement income earned from	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited	-	3,98,18,250
		Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	1,904	-
		Edelweiss Finance and Investments Limited	1,532	-
		Edelweiss Securities Limited	4,595	-
	Remuneration paid to (refer note 2)	Key Management personnel	3,45,06,849	-
(11)	Balances with related parties			
	Short-term borrowings	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	11,93,467	1,12,11,17,662
	Trade payable to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2.97.836	19,71,433
		Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	2,767	4,16,020
		Edelweiss Securities Limited	1,92,680	9,279
		I		81,02,913
		Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	45,42,812	81,02,913
		Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	5,121	-
		Edelweiss Broking Limited	1,13,40,180	-
		Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited	11,76,773	-
		ECL Finance Limited	-	3,69,76,022
		Edelweiss Multi Strategy Fund Advisors LLP	-	12,98,000
	Nomination deposit payable to	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	-	1,00,000
	Interest accrued and due on			
	borrowings from	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	(4,71,834)	44,70,137
		Edelweiss Finvest Limited	39,28,780	
		Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	10,53,740	-
	Loans given	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	24,99,54,978	-
	Interest accrued on loans given	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	1,60,671	_

(Currency: Indian rupees)

Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Limited

(Currency: Indian rupees)

36 Disclosure as required by Ind AS 24- "Related Party Disclosure":

Nature of transaction	Related party name	For the year ended 31 March 2021	For the year ended 3 March 2020
Other financial liabilities			
Interest accrued & not due on			
compulsory convertible debentures	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	1,14,041	_
	Edelweiss Securities And Investments Private Limited	3,87,740	-
Other payables	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	2,13,78,651	2,32,69,2
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	-	1,36,0
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	-	3,98,6
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	4,0
	Edelweiss Securities Limited	2,61,000	1,53,0
	Edelcap Securities Ltd	1,43,000	
	Edelweiss Broking Limited	1,000	-
	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	1,26,000	-
	Edelweiss Custodial Services Limited	63,000	-
Trade receivables	Edelweiss Alternative Asset Advisors Pte Limited	4,18,61,550	2,28,74,6
	Ecap Equities Limited	4,07,127	1,40,96,8
	Edelcap Securities Ltd	1,57,323	1,61,7
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	15,88,561	10,97,2
	Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited	17,94,973	1,86,95,3
	ECL Finance Ltd	1,00,22,025	-
	Edelweiss Value Growth Fund	19,54,285	26,06,2
	Edelweiss Private Tech Equity Fund	2,75,351	7,56,8
	ESL Securities Limited	40,098	
	Edelweiss Investment Advisors Limited	8,81,082	
	Edelweiss General Insurance Company Limited	561	
	Edelweiss Broking Ltd	-	1,76,6
	Edelweiss Global Wealth Management Limited	-	13,69,4
Other financial assets			
Advances reccoverable from	ECL Finance Ltd	68,01,000	17,55,8
	Edelweiss Broking Ltd	-	11,35,6
	Edelweiss Finvest Private Limited	-	12,97,8
	Edelweiss Rural & Corporate Services Limited	10,81,000	7,68,0
	Edelweiss Securities Limited	2,21,000	
	Edelweiss Financial Services Limited	13,95,000	
	Edelweiss Asset Management Limited	1,95,000	
	Edelweiss Asset Reconstruction Company Limited	65,000	
	Edelweiss Housing Finance Limited	9,04,000	
	Edelweiss Finance and Investments Limited	4,35,000	

Note:

1) Loan taken from related parties are disclosed based on maximum of debit/credit during the reporting period.

2) Loan taken from related parties are disclosed based on total debit/credit taken during the reporting period.

3) Information relating to remuneration paid to key managerial person mentioned above excludes provision made for gratuity, leave encashment and retention incentive which are provided for group of employees on overall basis. These are included on cash basis. The variable compensation included herein is on cash basis.

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

#### 37 Capital management:

The primary objectives of the Company's capital management policy are to ensure that the Company complies with externally imposed capital requirements and maintains strong credit ratings and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and to maximise shareholder value.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it according to changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of its activities. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue capital securities. No changes have been made to the objectives, policies and processes from the previous years. However, they are under constant review by the Board

The Company is not subject to any regulatory capital requirements.

#### 38 Fair Values of Financial Instruments:

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e., an exit price), regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using a valuation technique.

#### 38.1 Assets and liabilities by fair value hierarchy

The following table shows an analysis of financial instruments recorded at fair value by level of the fair value hierarchy

	31 March 2021			
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Investments in Units of AIF	•	•	76,89,196	76,89,196
Investments in Units of Mutual Fund	17,51,86,034			17,51,86,034
Investments in Listed Equity shares	1,30,28,238			1,30,28,238
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring				
basis	18,82,14,272	-	76,89,196	19,59,03,468

	31 March 2020							
Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
Investments in Units of AIF	-	-	2,35,15,151	2,35,15,151				
Total financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring								
basis	-	-	2,35,15,151	2,35,15,151				

#### Fair valuation Technique

The equity instrument is traded actively traded on recognised stock exchange with readily available active prices on a regular basis. Such instruments are classified as level 1. Units held in funds are measured based on net asset value (NAV),taking into account redemption and/or other restrictions. Such instruments are generally level 3.(refer note 38.4)

#### 38.2 Movement in level 3 financial instrument measured at fair value

The following table shows a reconciliation of the opening balances and the closing balances for fair value measurements in Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy.

Particulars	Financial assets		
	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	
Investments in units of AIF			
At 1 April	2,35,15,151	2,63,20,300	
Purchase	46,37,500	-	
Redemption	(1,93,11,636)	(48,46,548)	
Gains / (losses) for the period recognised in profit or loss	(11,51,819)	20,41,399	
At 31 March	76,89,196	2,35,15,151	
Unrealised gains / (losses) related to balances held at the end of the period	(53,56,923)	(12,03,469)	

#### 38.3 Financial instruments not measured at fair value

Fair value information of financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value has not been presented as the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of the fair value due to their short term nature.

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency : Indian rupees)

### 38.4 Fair values of financial instruments (continued)

Unobservable inputs used in measuring fair value categorised within Level 3:

Following tables set out information about significant unobservable inputs used at respective balance sheet dates in measuring financial instruments categorised as Level 3 in the fair value hierarchy:

								Decrease in the	
					Range of estimates	Increase in the		unobservable	
	Fair value of	Fair value of			(weighted-average)	unobservable input		input (% or as	
	asset as on 31	liability as on	Valuation	Significant	for unobservable	(% or as the case	Change in fair	the case may	Change in fair
Type of financial instruments	March 2021	31 March 2021	techniques	unobservable input	input	may be)	value	be)	value
				Fair value of					
			Net assets	underlying	NAV per unit Rs.				
Investments in units of AIF	76,89,196	-	approach	investments	1,307.98 - 10,015	5%	3,83,382	5%	(3,83,382)
Total	76,89,196	-					3,83,382		(3,83,382)

								Decrease in the	
					Range of estimates	Increase in the		unobservable	
	Fair value of	Fair value of			(weighted-average)	unobservable input		input (% or as	
	asset as on 31	liability as on	Valuation	Significant	for unobservable	(% or as the case	Change in fair	the case may	Change in fair
Type of financial instruments	March 2020	31 March 2020	techniques	unobservable input	input	may be)	value	be)	value
				Fair value of					
			Net assets	underlying	NAV per unit Rs.				
Investments in units of AIF	2,35,15,151	-	approach	investments	4,698.72	5%	11,74,680	5%	(11,74,680)
Total	2,35,15,151	-					11,74,680		(11,74,680)

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

#### 39 Risk Management

The company has operations in India. Whilst risk is inherent in the Company's activities, it is managed through an integrated risk management framework, including ongoing identification, measurement and monitoring, subject to risk limits and other controls. This process of risk management is critical to the Company's continuing profitability. The Company is exposed to credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. It is also subject to various operating and business risks.

#### A Risk management structure

The Board of Directors are responsible for the overall risk management approach and for approving the risk management strategies and principles.

#### B Analysis of risk concentration

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.

The carrying amounts of financial assets in the statement of financial position represent the Company's maximum exposure to credit risk, before taking into account any collateral held. The Company does not hold any collateral in respect of their financial assets.

At the reporting date, there was no significant concentration of credit risk. The maximum credit risk is represented by the carrying amount of each financial asset in the statement of financial position.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents are held with regulated financial institutions. Trade receivables largely comprise of receivables from Group Companies.

#### C Industry analysis - Risk concentration for 31 March 2021

The company operates in financial services industry. Following table shows the risk concentration by the industry for the components of the balance sheet

Particulars		As at 31 March 2021						
	Financial services	Others	Total					
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	15,10,34,340	-	15,10,34,340					
Investments	18,28,75,230	1,30,28,238	19,59,03,468					
Other financial assets	3,69,41,281	16,29,752	3,85,71,033					
Trade receivables	6,07,49,977	-	6,07,49,977					
Loans	25,01,15,649	26,06,857	25,27,22,506					
Total	68,17,16,477.0	1.72.64.847.0	69.89.81.324					

Particulars		As at 31 March 2020	
	Financial services	Others	Total
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	90,83,134	-	90,83,134
Investments	2,35,15,151	-	2,35,15,151
Other financial assets	4,62,49,819	-	4,62,49,819
Trade receivables	28,11,86,096	-	28,11,86,096
Loans	-	9,13,879	9,13,879
Total	36.00.34.200	9.13.879	36.09.48.079

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

39 Risk Management (Continued)

D Liquidity risk and funding management

Liquidity or funding risk is the risk that an enterprise will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments. Liquidity risk may result from an inability to sell a financial asset quickly at close to its fair value. The table below summarise the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities at the end of the reporting period based on contractual undiscounted payments.

#### (i) Analysis of non-derivative financial liabilities by remaining contractual maturities

			15 days to 1	1 month to 2	2 months to 3	3 months to 6	6 months to 1	1 year to 3	3 years to 5	
As at 31 March 2021	On demand	1 to 14 days	month	months	months	months	year	years	years	Total
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	2,89,57,417	-	-	-	-	2,89,57,417
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	97,604	14,43,03,759	2,99,232	11,27,934	20,97,749	-	14,79,26,278
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	57,04,153	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,04,153
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial liabilities	57,04,153	i	-	97,604	17,32,61,176	2,99,232	11,27,934	20,97,749	-	18,25,87,848

			15 days to 1	1 month to 2	2 months to 3	3 months to 6	6 months to 1	1 year to 3	3 years to 5	
As at 31 March 2020	On demand	1 to 14 days	month	months	months	months	year	years	years	Total
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	6,35,74,954	-	-	-	-	6,35,74,954
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	2,45,95,858	-	-	-	-	2,45,95,858
Borrowings (other than debt securities)	1,12,55,87,799	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,12,55,87,799
Total undiscounted non-derivative financial liabilities	1.12.55.87.799	-	-	-	8,81,70,812	-	-	-	-	1.21.37.58.611

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

- (Currency : Indian rupees)
  39 Risk Management (Continued)
  D Liquidity risk and funding management (Continued)

#### (ii) Analysis of non-derivative financial assets by remaining contractual maturities

			15 days to 1	1 month to 2	2 months to 3	3 months to 6	6 months to 1	1 year to 3	3 years to 5	
As at 31 March 2021	On demand	1 to 14 days	month	months	months	months	year	years	years	Total
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	15,10,34,340	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	15,10,34,340
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	6,07,49,977	-	-	-	-	6,07,49,977
Loans	25,01,15,649	-	-	-	-	-	-	26,06,857	-	25,27,22,506
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	17,51,86,034	-	-	-	-	1,60,77,631	46,39,803	19,59,03,468
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	3,69,41,281	-	5,00,000	11,29,752	-	3,85,71,033
Total	40,11,49,989	-	17,51,86,034	-	9,76,91,258	-	5,00,000	1,98,14,240	46,39,803	69,89,81,324

			15 days to 1	1 month to 2	2 months to 3	3 months to 6	6 months to 1	1 year to 3	3 years to 5	
As at 31 March 2020	On demand	1 to 14 days	month	months	months	months	year	years	years	Total
Cash and cash equivalent and other bank balances	90,83,134	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,83,134
Trade receivables	-	-	-	23,40,12,834	1,74,37,262	2,97,36,000	-	-	-	28,11,86,096
Loans	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,13,879	-	9,13,879
Investments at fair value through profit or loss	-	-	-	-		-	-	2,35,15,151	-	2,35,15,151
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	4,62,49,819	-	-	-	-	4,62,49,819
Total	90,83,134	-	-	23,40,12,834	6,36,87,081	2,97,36,000	-	2,44,29,030	-	36,09,48,079

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

# (Currency : Indian rupees)

- D Liquidity risk and funding management (Continued)
- (iii) Financial assets available to support future lending

		March 31, 2021	
	Unencur	nbered	
Particulars	Available as collateral	others <sup>1</sup>	Total carrying amount
Cash and cash equivalent including bank balance	-	15,10,34,340	15,10,34,340
Trade receivables	6,07,49,977	-	6,07,49,977
Other financial assets	-	3,85,71,033	3,85,71,033
Loan	-	25,27,22,506	25,27,22,506
Investments	19,59,03,468	-	19,59,03,468
Property, Plant and Equipment	-	76,79,972	76,79,972
Total assets	25,66,53,445	45,00,07,851	70,66,61,296

		March 31, 2020	
	Unencur	nbered	
Particulars			
T di tiodidi s	Available as	_	Total carrying
	collateral	others <sup>1</sup>	amount
Cash and cash equivalent including bank balance	-	90,83,134	90,83,134
Trade receivables	28,11,86,096	-	28,11,86,096
Other financial assets	-	4,62,49,819	4,62,49,819
Loan	-	9,13,879	9,13,879
Investments	2,35,15,151		2,35,15,151
Property, Plant and Equipment	-	40,43,587	40,43,587
Total assets	30,47,01,247	6,02,90,419	36,49,91,666

<sup>1.</sup> Represents assets which are not restricted for use as collateral, but that the company would not consider readily available to secure funding in the normal course of business.

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

#### (Currency: Indian rupees)

- 39 Risk Management (Continued)
- E Market Risk (Continued)
- (i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk arises from the possibility that changes in interest rates will affect future cash flows or the fair values of financial instruments.

	2020-21					
Currency of borrowing /	Increase in basis points	Effect on profit	Effect on Equity	Decrease in basis	Effect on profit	Effect on Equity
advances		before tax		points	before tax	
INR	25	6,21,904	-	25	(6,21,904)	-

	2019-20					
Currency of borrowing /	Increase in basis points	Effect on profit	Effect on Equity	Decrease in basis	Effect on profit	Effect on Equity
advances		before tax		points	before tax	
INR	25	(28,13,969)	-	25	28,13,969	-

#### (ii) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arise majorly on account of foreign currency borrowings.

The table below indicates the currencies to which the Company had significant exposure at the end of the reported periods. The analysis calculates the effect of a reasonably possible movement of the currency rate against the INR (all other variables being constant) on the statement of profit and loss (due to the fair value of currency sensitive non–trading monetary assets and liabilities) and equity (due to the change in fair value of currency swaps and forward foreign exchange contracts used as cash flow hedges).

	2020-21					
	Increase in currency rate	Effect on profit		Decrease in	Effect on profit	
Currency	(%)	before tax	Effect on Equity	currency rate (%)	before tax	Effect on Equity
USD	5	20,93,078		5	(20,93,078)	

	2019-20					
	Increase in currency rate	Effect on profit		Decrease in	Effect on profit	
Currency	(%)	before tax	Effect on Equity	currency rate (%)	before tax	Effect on Equity
USD	5	11,43,732	-	5	(11,43,732)	-

#### (iii) Equity Price Risk

Equity Price Risk is the risk that the fair value or furture cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of individual investment in equity share prices. There is no investment in Equity shares as at 31 March 2020.

	2020-21					
		Effect on profit		Decrease in price	Effect on profit	
Impact on	Increase in price (%)	before tax	Effect on Equity	(%)	before tax	Effect on Equity
Equity shares	5	6,51,412	-	5	(6,51,412)	-

#### (iv) Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the level of market prices other than equity and index prices.

	2020-21					
		Effect on profit		Decrease in price	Effect on profit	
Impact on	Increase in price (%)	before tax	Effect on Equity	(%)	before tax	Effect on Equity
Units of AIFs	5	3,83,382	-	5	(3,83,382)	-
Units of Mutual Funds	5	87,59,302	-	5	(87,59,302)	-

	2019-20					
		Effect on profit		Decrease in price	Effect on profit	
Impact on	Increase in price (%)	before tax	Effect on Equity	(%)	before tax	Effect on Equity
Units of AIFs and Trusts	5	11,74,680	-	5	(11,74,680)	-

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

(Currency: Indian rupees)

39 Risk Management (Continued)

F Market Risk

Total market risk exposure

Fair value or future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in market variables such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Company classifies exposures to market risk into either trading or non-trading portfolios.

March 31, 2021			March 31, 2020			
Particulars	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk	Carrying amount	Traded risk	Non-traded risk
Assets						
Cash and cash equivalent and other						
bank balances	15,10,34,340	-	15,10,34,340	90,83,134	-	90,83,134
Loans	25,27,22,506	-	25,27,22,506	9,13,879	-	9,13,879
Trade receivables	6,07,49,977	-	6,07,49,977	28,11,86,096	-	28,11,86,096
Investments	19,59,03,468	18,82,14,272	76,89,196	2,35,15,151	-	2,35,15,151
Other Financial Assets	3,85,71,033	-	3,85,71,033	4,62,49,819	-	4,62,49,819
Total	69,89,81,324	18,82,14,272	51,07,67,052	36,09,48,079	-	36,09,48,079

	March 31, 2021			March 31, 2020		
Liability						
Borrowings (other than Debt						
Securities)	57,04,153		57,04,153	1,12,55,87,799	-	1,12,55,87,799
Trade payables	2,89,57,417	-	2,89,57,417	6,35,74,954	-	6,35,74,954
Other financial liabilities	14,79,26,278	-	14,79,26,278	2,45,95,858	-	2,45,95,858
Total	18,25,87,848	-	18,25,87,848	1,21,37,58,611	-	1,21,37,58,611

Notes to the financial statements (Continued)

# (Currency: Indian rupees)

40 Unconsolidated structured entities

These are entities that do not meet consolidation criteria explained Note 5.1.3 of the Summary of significant accounting policies.

An entity that has been designed so that voting or similar rights are not the dominant factor in deciding who controls the entity, such as when any voting rights relate to administrative tasks only and the relevant activities are directed by means of contractual arrangements.

A. The following tables show the carrying amount of the Group's recorded interest in its consolidated balance sheet as well as the maximum exposure to risk (as defined in below) due to these exposures in the unconsolidated structured entities and asset management activities:

Particulars	Alternative Investment Funds		
	31-Mar-21	31-Mar-20	
Investments in AIF	76,89,196	2,35,15,151	
Trade Receivables	6,07,09,318	26,26,49,220	
Other financial assets	2,58,44,278	4,12,57,614	
Total Assets	9,42,42,792	32,74,21,985	
Off-balance sheet exposure	4,53,72,500	-	
Size of the structured entities	1,18,31,50,21,964	58,88,30,38,598	
Income from the structured entities	1,40,91,55,676	89,56,03,379	

B. The following tables show the details of the unconsolidated structured entities, which are not disclosed in the above table

Particulars	Year ended 31	Year ended 31
	March 2021	March 2020
Income from those structure entities	1,40,91,55,676	89,56,03,379
Type of income	Investment	Investment
	Management Fees	Management Fees
Carrying amount of assets transferred to		
those structured entities during the period		
	-	-